



Snug Harbor

Preliminary Hydrology Report

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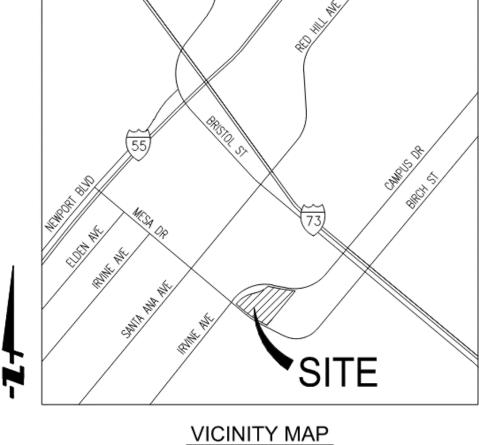
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INTRODUCTION

1.1 **GEOGRAPHIC SETTING**

The Snug Harbor project site encompasses a total area of approximately 15.4 acres, and is located at 3100 Irvine Avenue in the City of Newport Beach.

The project site is located at the Newport Beach Golf Course easterly of the intersection of Irvine Avenue and Mesa Drive. The site includes three holes, a driving range, pro shop, clubhouse, sports bar, and an at-grade parking lot. The Orange County Flood Control District (OCFCD) Santa Ana-Delhi Channel and Irvine Avenue border the northerly boundary of the property. Mesa Drive borders the southerly boundary. Commercial properties border the easterly boundary. A Vicinity Map is shown as Figure 1 below.



NOT TO SCALE

Figure 1

1.2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed project development will consist of demolition and removals of existing buildings, parking lot, golf course, and onsite infrastructure. The project will construct a surf park which will include wave lagoons, a clubhouse building, pools, spas, athlete lodging, and parking with solar-power canopies.

1.3 PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is to provide hydrologic and hydraulics calculations and maps for existing and proposed conditions for the proposed project.

1.4 REFERENCES

- Orange County Hydrology Manual
- A.E.S. hydrologic software
- City of Newport Beach GIS
- Orange County Flood Control District (OCFCD) Santa Ana-Delhi As-built Plans
- OCFCD Base Map of Drainage Facilities

2.0 EXISTING DRAINAGE

2.1 EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY

The topography of the site slopes in a northwesterly direction, toward OCFCD's Santa Ana – Delhi Channel and Irvine Avenue. An existing 15- to 20- foot high slope descends from the southeast boundary of the property from about elevation +54 (NAVD88). The remainder of the site generally slopes more gently from an elevation of about +40 (NAVD88) toward the westerly boundary of the project, with elevations approximately +15 to +20 (NAVD88).

2.2 EXISTING DRAINAGE PATTERN

The existing site is a golf course, with most of the site containing grass and trees, and a portion of the site dedicated to shops and parking. The existing drainage pattern is generally in a westerly direction. There are currently five (5) discharge points; with two points in Irvine Avenue, and three to pipes which are discharged to the Santa Ana – Delhi Channel. From the two discharge points in Irvine Avenue, the drainage is conveyed in the roadway to local catch basins, and is discharged into the Sana Ana – Delhi Channel. The City of Newport Beach's storm drain GIS map, along with OCFCD Base Map of Drainage Facilities, both showing the location of the channel adjacent to the project site, are included in Appendix 1 of this report.

The previously-mentioned Santa Ana – Delhi Channel, owned and maintained by OCFCD, is a 55 feet wide by 16 feet high reinforced-concrete channel that runs in a southerly direction, along the westerly boundary of the site. The as-built channel plans are included in Appendix 2 of this report. The channel currently accepts drainage from the site at three locations, as follows:

- Station 40+79 42-inch (Inv.11.0 +/- NAVD88)
- Station 44+85 18-inch (Inv. 18.4+/- NAVD88)
- Station 48+95 18-inch (Inv. 16.7 +/- NAVD88)

There is currently offsite drainage from properties located along the easterly boundary of the golf course. This drainage is conveyed to the golf course via surface gutter or pipes. The drainage is conveyed through the golf course and combines with the onsite drainage and is included with the discharge locations discussed above into the Santa Ana – Delhi Channel.

2.3 OFFSITE TRIBUTARY DRAINAGE

The As mentioned previously, there is offsite tributary drainage from the existing development to the east. The proposed design includes collecting and conveying the offsite drainage through the site, to discharge to the existing channel. The tributary area, approximately 3.9 acres, is shown on the existing condition hydrology map, included in Appendix 3; and the calculations are included in Appendix 4 of this report.

3.0 PROPOSED DRAINAGE

The proposed development will include construction of the surf lagoons, and associated amenities and parking. The proposed onsite drainage will be collected and conveyed through the site, to discharge at the existing locations, with the goal of mimicking existing condition discharge rates. Evaluation of the drainage amount will confirm the need for detention facilities. The lagoon basin area will be self-contained, and will not discharge to the channel. Lastly, water quality BMP's have been designed and located; calculations and worksheets are included in the Preliminary Water Quality Management Plan (PWQMP).

4.0 HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

4.1 STORM FREQUENCY

The 25-year and 100-year storm events have been evaluated be used for the existing and proposed conditions. Additionally the 2-year storm event was analyzed to confirm hydromodification requirements.

4.2 METHODOLOGY

This study was prepared in conformance with the Orange County Hydrology Manual. Orange County Rational Method was used. A.E.S. Computer Software was utilized to compile the hydrologic data and to determine the peak discharges. The Soil Type Map is included in Appendix 3. The Existing Condition Hydrology Calculations and Map are included in Appendices 4 and 5, respectively. The Proposed Condition Hydrology Calculations and Map are included in Appendices 6 and 7, respectively.

5.0 **FEMA**

The site is in Zone X (area of minimal flood hazard), as shown on FIRM Number 06059C0267J effective 12/3/2009. Since the site is not within a Special Flood Hazard Area, as defined by FEMA, a CLOMR/LOMR will not be required. A copy of the Firmette is included in Appendix 8.

6.0 HYDRAULICS ANALYSIS

Hydraulic computations for the online area drain system have been prepared to confirm adequate sizing of the proposed system. The hydraulic calculations are provided, and are included in Appendix 9 of this report.

7.0 RESULTS AND CONCLUSIONS

As discussed in this report, the proposed condition drainage patterns will generally mimic those of the existing condition. The results show that the proposed condition flows do not exceed those of existing condition for the onsite property. The existing and proposed drainage systems have capacities to provide drainage interception and conveyance for the proposed project. The hydrology maps (Appendices 4 and 5) show the

Q2, Q25 and Q100 flow rates at the various discharge locations. The results are tabulated below.

Summary Table: Offsite

SUB AREA	ACRES	Q ₁₀₀ (CFS)	Q ₂₅ (CFS)	Q ₂ (CFS)
OS (Offsite)	3.94	17.2	13.4	6.2

Summary Table: Existing Conditions

SUB AREA	NODE	ACRES	Q ₁₀₀ (CFS)	Q ₂₅ (CFS)	Q ₂ (CFS)
Α	13	3.18	10.6	8.0	3.3
В	21	0.09	0.5	0.4	0.2
С	31	0.69	3.2	2.5	1.1
D	43	3.38	11.1	8.6	3.5
Е	58	8.09	19.8	14.9	5.8
TOTAL	-	15.43	45.2	34.4	13.9

Summary Table: Proposed Conditions

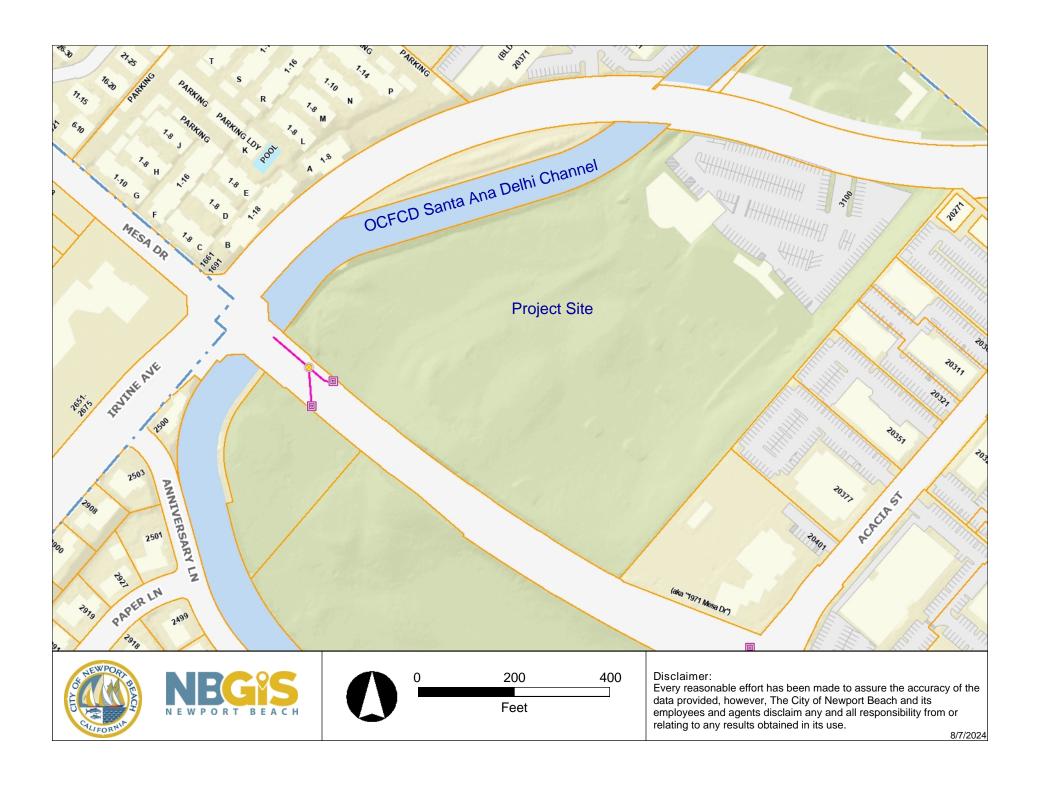
SUB AREA	NODE	ACRES	Q ₁₀₀ (CFS)	Q ₂₅ (CFS)	Q ₂ (CFS)
А	23	5.03	19.2	15.0	6.8
В	35	1.24	3.8	3.0	1.3
С	55	3.44	16.2	12.6	5.7
D	61	0.19	1.0	0.8	0.3
E (Lagoon)	-	5.53	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTAL	-	15.43	40.2	31.4	14.1

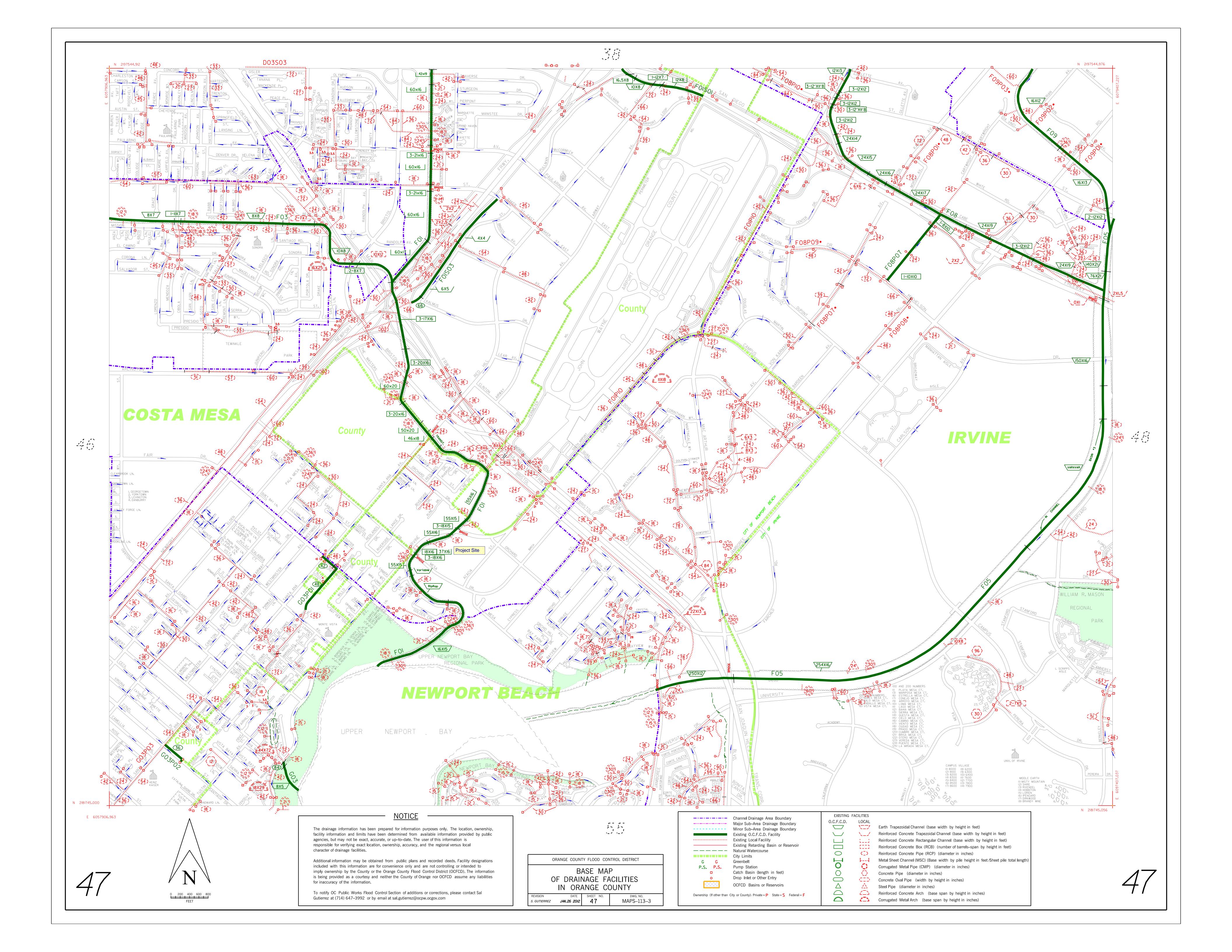
As discussed previously, the proposed lagoon basins will not discharge to the storm drain system. Therefore, this area is not included in the drainage, and will ultimately discharge to the sanitary sewer system. Due to the 5.5-acre lagoon area not discharging to the storm drain system, the proposed condition discharge rates do not exceed those of the existing condition. Since proposed condition peak flows do not exceed existing condition peak flows, detention mitigation will not be required for this project. Proposed water quality BMP's will be evaluated and designed in accordance with applicable codes. The water quality design is included in the WQMP for this project.

8.0 APPENDICES

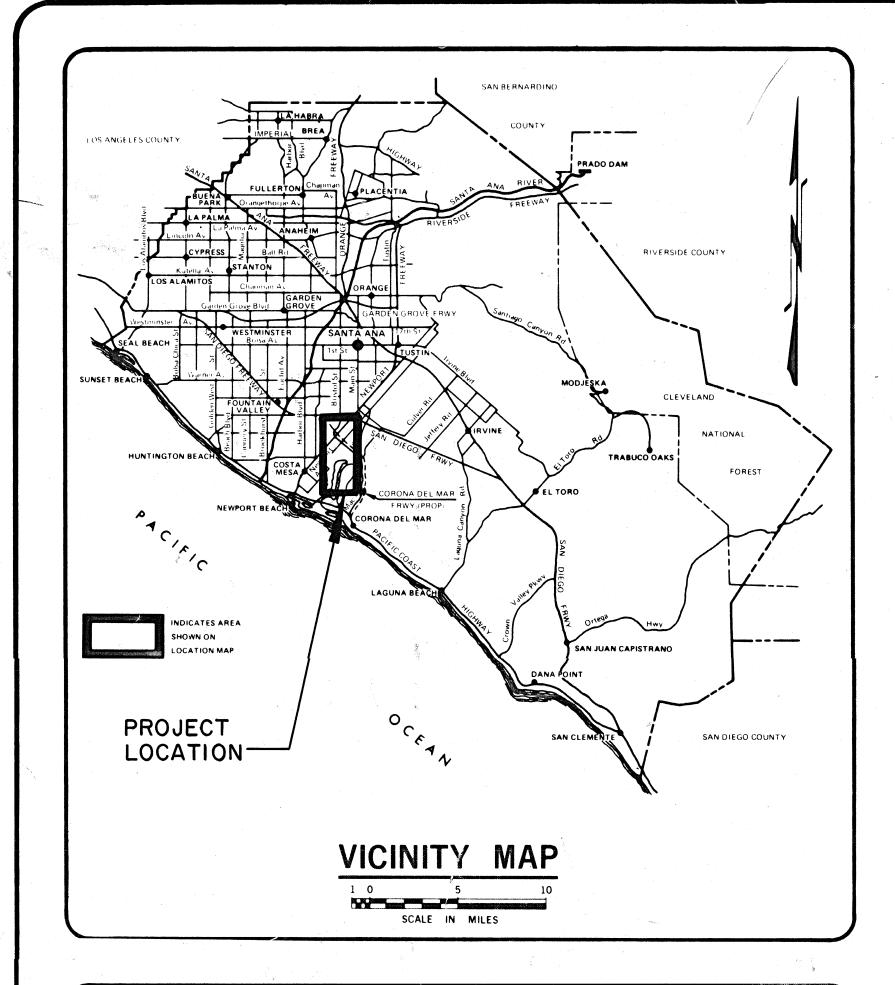
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Appendix 1 Storm Drain Atlas Maps





Appendix 2 Storm Drain As-Built Plans

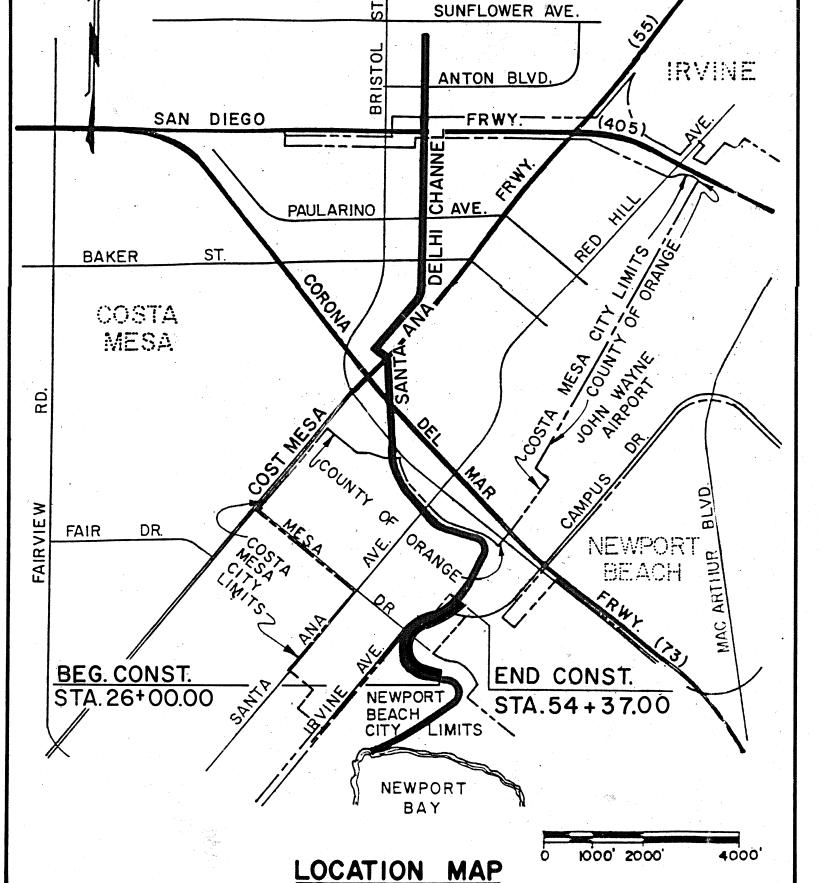


ORANGE COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AGENCY

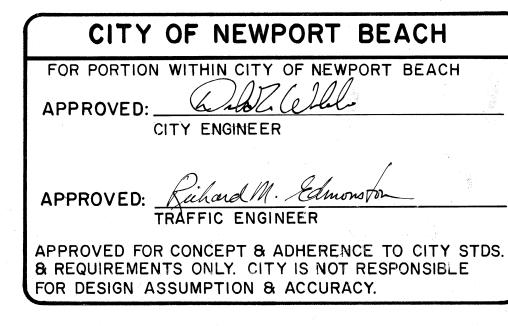
SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA E. SCHNEIDER, DIRECTOR

PLANS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THAT PORTION OF SANTA ANA - DELHI CHANNEL (FACILITY NO. FOI) FROM

DOWNSTREAM OF MESA DRIVE TO UPSTREAM OF IRVINE AVENUE



UTILITIES APPROVED: FOR CONSTRUCTION OF SANTA ANA HEIGHTS WATER MAIN APPROVED: Geff Staneart 5-4-87 FOR CONSTRUCTION OF CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH WATER MAIN



APRIL, 1987

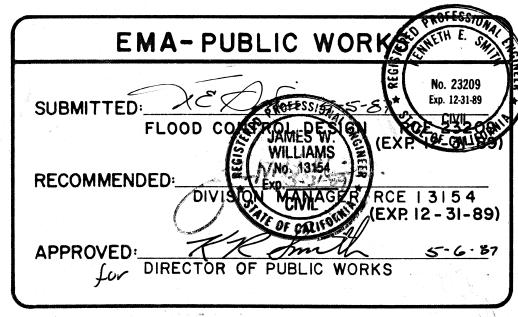
AS BUILT

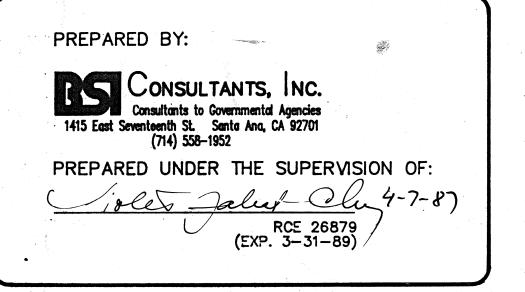
CONTRACTOR : KIEWIT PACIFIC CO. INSPECTOR : G.D. EVANS

R.C.E. : O.N. MARSHALL COMPLETED : OCT. 1988

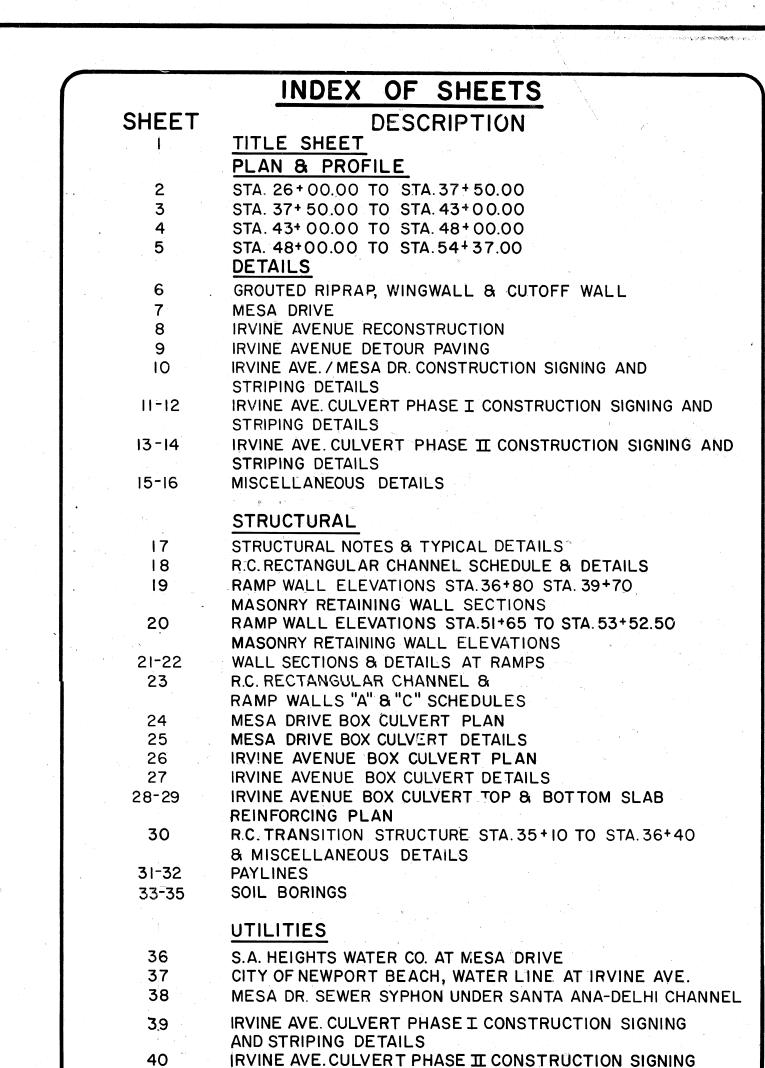
MAINTAINED BY: O.C.F.C.D.

FUNDED BY: O.C.F.C.D.





*\ Exp.3-31-89



UTILITY	PHONE NO.
UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT	1-800-422-4133
SEWER - COSTA MESA SANITARY DIST.	714-631-1731
SO. CALIFORNÍA GAS COMPANY	714-634-3122
PACIFIC BELL TELEPHONE	714-259-4488
SO. CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY	714-895-0220
CITY OF NEWPORT BEACH, WATER DIV.	714-644-3011
MESA CONSOLIDATED WATER DIST.	714-631-1291
SANTA ANA HEIGHTS WATER COMPANY	714-545-1060

BENCH MARK: CM-20-70 IN THE S.E. PART OF THE INT. OF IRVINE AVE AND MESA DR.; 59' S.E. OF THE CENTERLINE OF IRVINE AVE., 38'S.W. OF THE CENTERLINE OF MESA DR., 59'S.E. OF THE CENTER OF THI MEDIAN, 0.7' N.E. OF THE S.W. END OF A CONCRETE RETAINING WALL, LEVEL WITH THE SIDEWALK. ELEVATION: 25.871 FT. - 1976 ADJ.

BK. 110, PG.39-42

A AS BUILT SHT. **APPROVED** DESCRIPTION DATE REVISIONS

W. O. NO. F07203 DWG. NO. FOI-701-11A

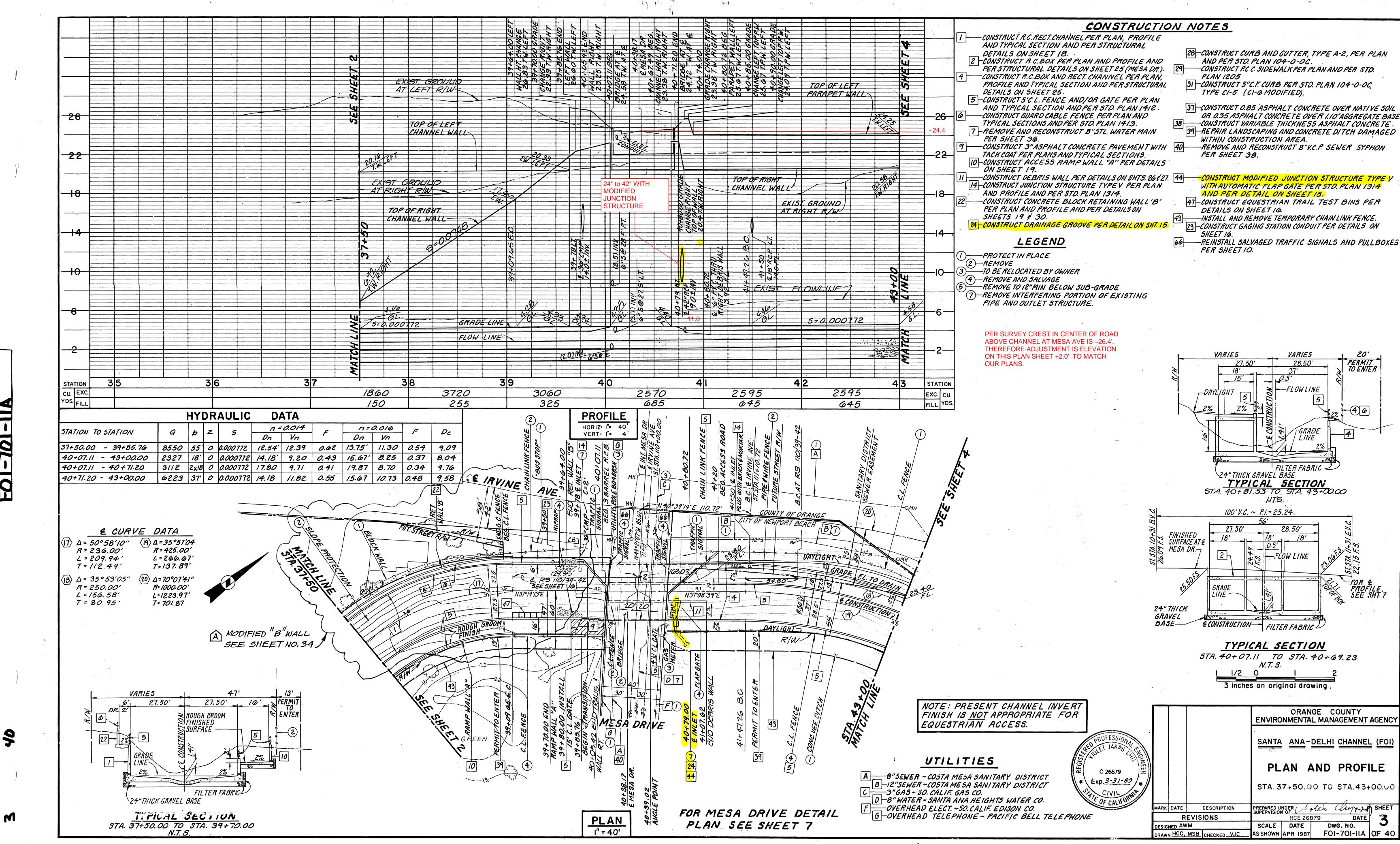
OF 40 SHEET

BASIS OF BEARING:

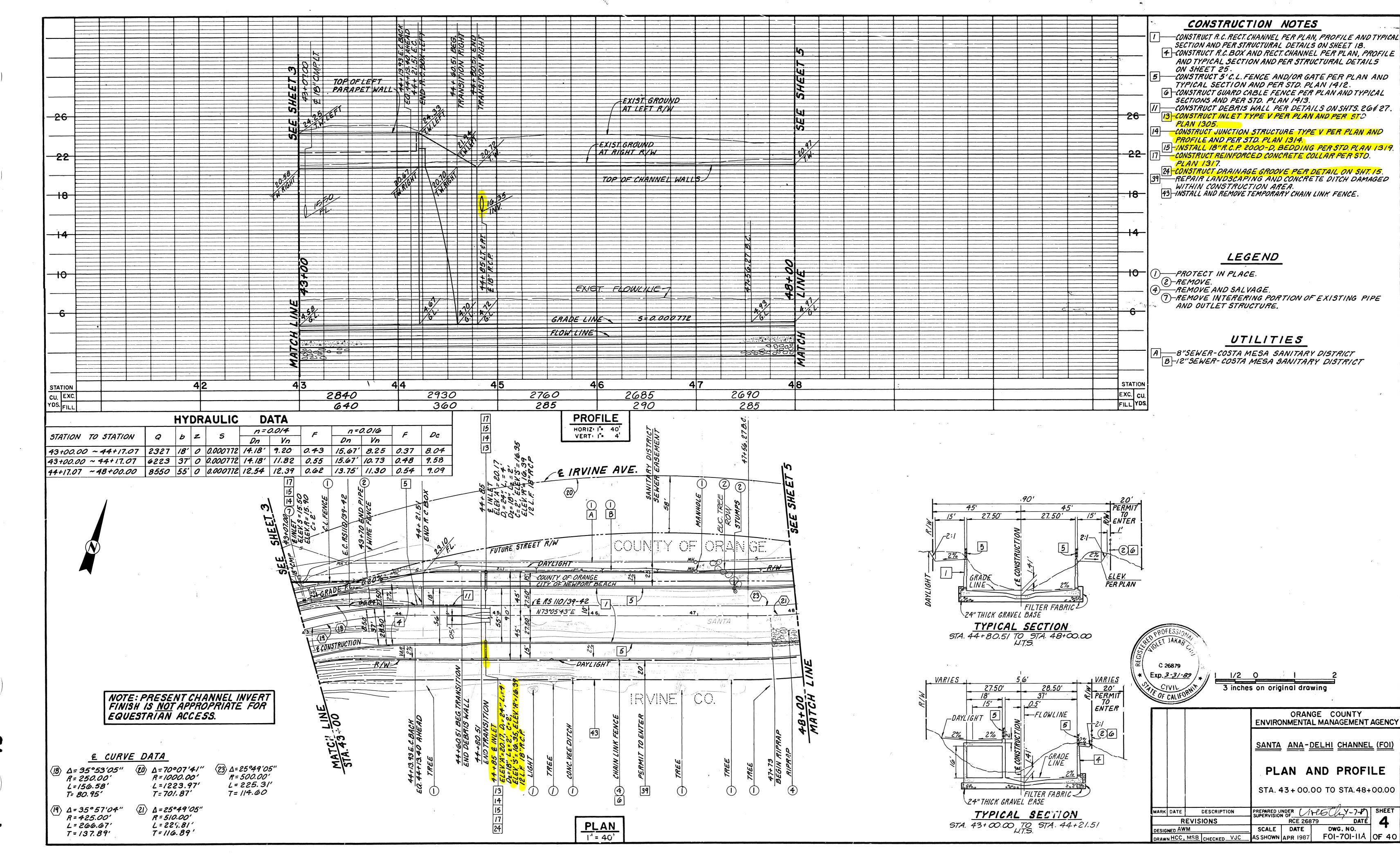
RECORD OF SURVEY 85 - 1012

N49°21'07"W BEING THE CENTERLINE OF

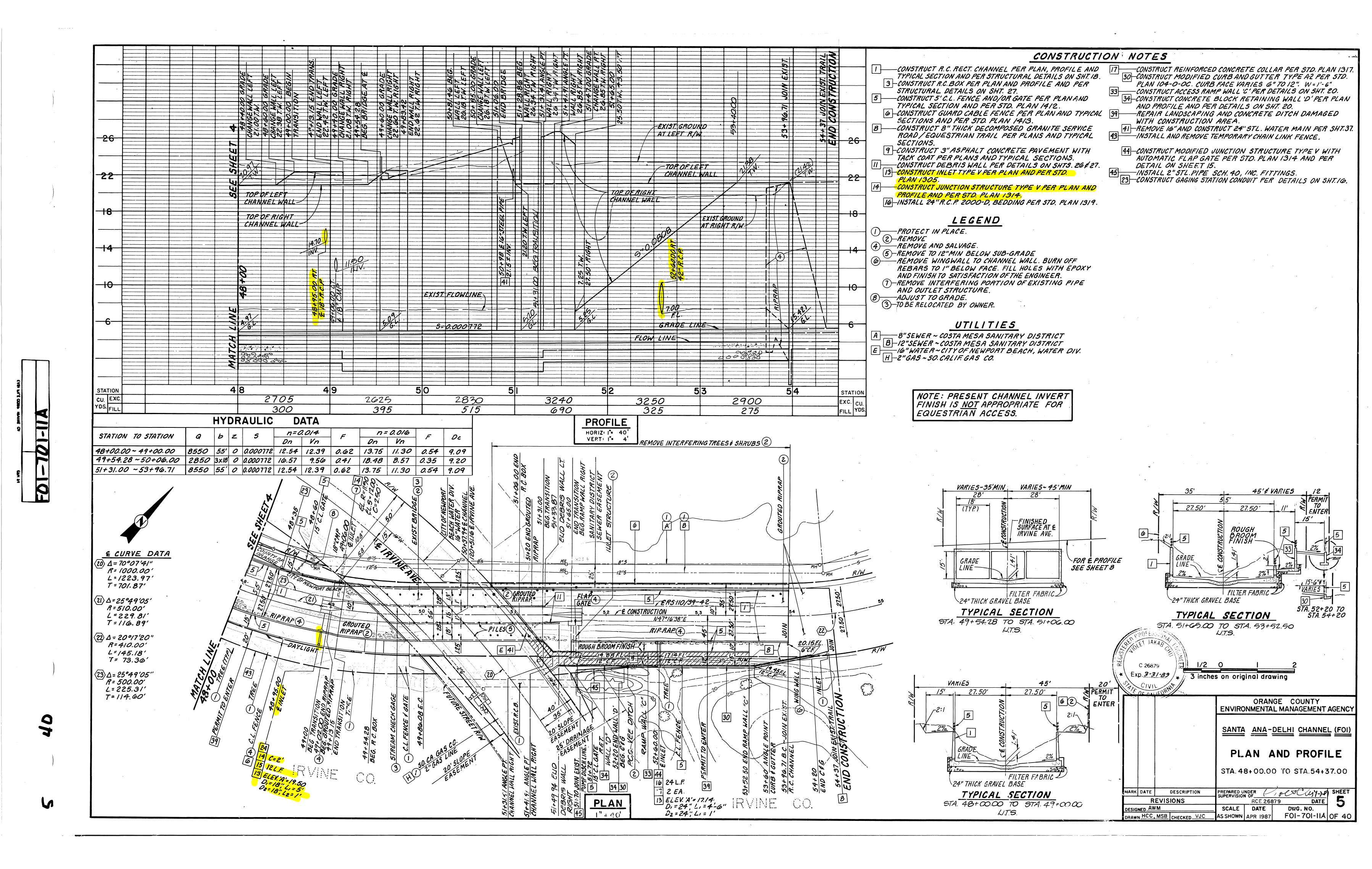
MESA DR. EAST AND WEST OF IRVINE AVE.



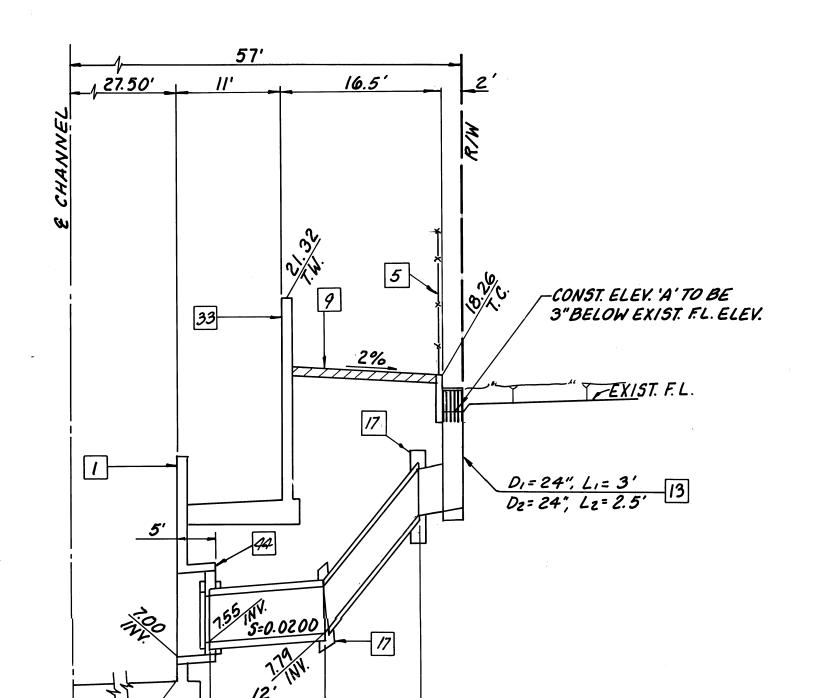
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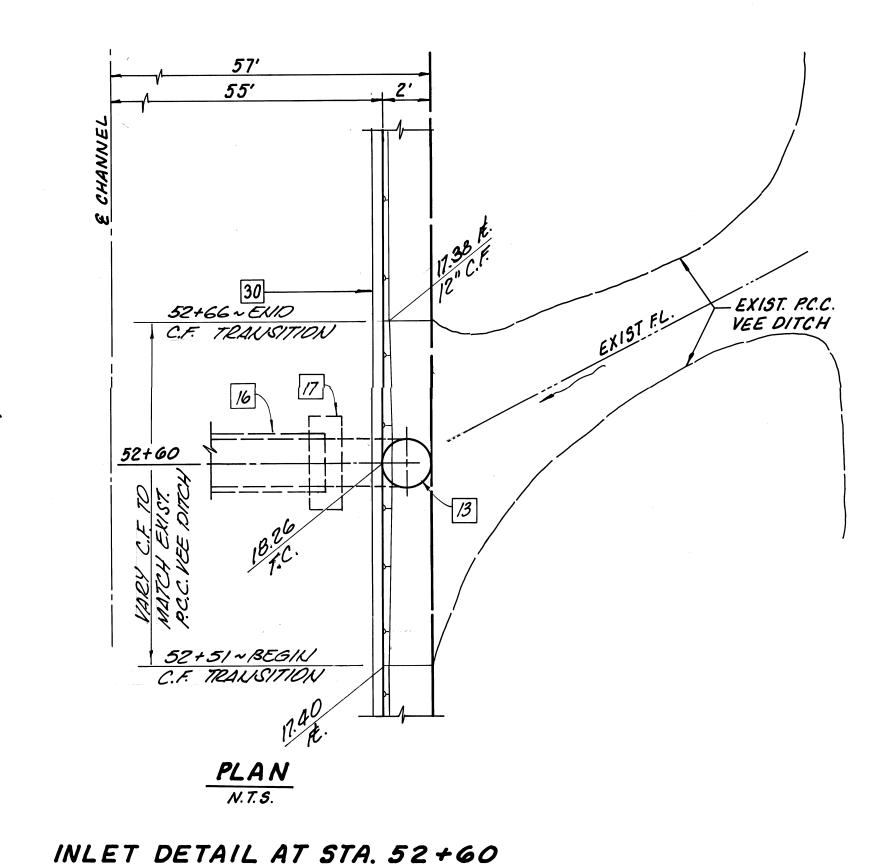




PROFILE N.T. S.

SHEET 5

INSTALL 22 L.F.
24"RCP, 2000 D 16



E CHANNEL SECTION D-D N.T.5. CHANNEL WALL FACE 2'-0" 2'-0"

DRAINAGE GROOVE DETAIL 24

-CONSTRUCT R.C. RECT. CHANNEL PER PLAN, PROFILE AND TYPICAL SECTION AND PER STRUCTURAL DETAILS ON SHEET 18. 5-CONSTRUCT 5'C.L. FENCE AND/OR GATE PER PLAN AND TYPICAL
SECTION AND PER STD. PLAN 1412.

9-CONSTRUCT 3" ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT WITH TACK COAT

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

PER PLANS AND TYPICAL SECTIONS.

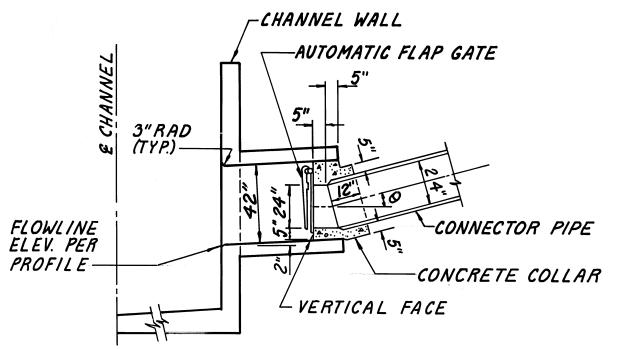
[3]—CONSTRUCT INLET TYPE V PER PLAN AND PER STD. PLAN 1305.

[6]—INSTALL 24"R.C.P. 2000-D, BEDDING PER STD. PLAIN 1319.

[7]—CONSTRUCT REINFORCED CONCRETE COLLAR PER STD. PLAN 1317.

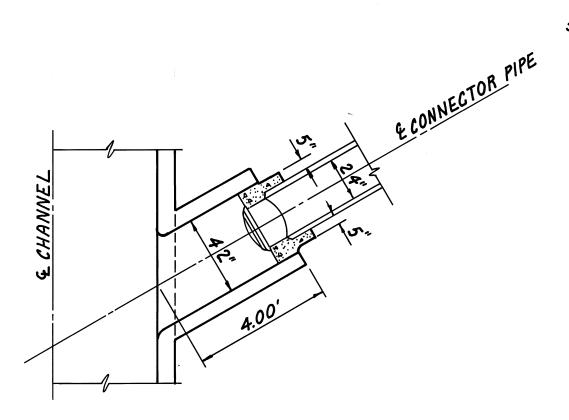
[4]—CONSTRUCT DRAINAGE GROOVE PER DETAIL ON SHEET 15.

30-CONSTRUCT MODIFIED CURB AND GUTTER TYPE A-2 PER STD. PLAN

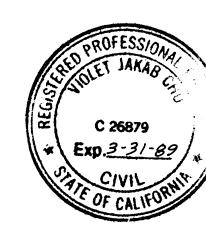


NOTES

- MOUNTING BOLTS SHALL BE OF STAINLESS STEEL.
- 2. THE FLAPGATE SHALL BE ARMCO, WATERMAN, CASCADE OR DISTRICT APPROVED EQUAL AUTOMATIC FLAPGATE, DESIGNED FOR 20 FEET OF SEATING HEAD UNLESS OTHER-WISE SHOWN ON THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS.
- 3. THE CONCRETE COLLAR SHALL BE REINFORCED PER STD. DWG. Nº 1317 WHEN ANGLE O EXCEEDS 10.º
- 4. FLAPGATE MAY BE EITHER SPIGOT BACK OF FLAT BACK.
- 5. BUSHINGS SHALL BE BRONZE.







ORANGE COUNTY
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AGENCY SANTA ANA-DELHI CHANNEL (FOI) **MISCELLANEOUS**

DETAILS DESCRIPTION RCE 26879 REVISIONS DESIGNED AWM SCALE DATE AS SHOWN APR 1987 FOI-701-11A OF 40 DRAWN HCC CHECKED

MODIFIED JUNCTION STRUCTURE WITH AUTOMATIC FLAP GATE NOT TO SCALE

Appendix 3 Soil Type Map



NRCS

Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Orange County and Part of Riverside County, California



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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How Soil Surveys Are Made

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

Soil Map Unit Points

Soil Map Unit Lines

Special Point Features

Blowout ဖ

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

å

Spoil Area Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails ---

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads 00

Background

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Orange County and Part of Riverside County, California

Survey Area Data: Version 17, Aug 30, 2023

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jan 17, 2023—Feb 8, 2023

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background

MAP LEGEND

MAP INFORMATION

imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
173	Myford sandy loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes	19.5	16.7%
174	Myford sandy loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes, eroded	0.5	0.4%
175	Myford sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes	35.4	30.3%
177	Myford sandy loam, 9 to 30 percent slopes, eroded	2.7	2.3%
178	Myford sandy loam, thick surface, 0 to 2 percent slopes	35.1	30.1%
210	Thapto-Histic Fluvaquents	17.1	14.7%
218	Xeralfic arents, loamy, 9 to 15 percent slopes	6.6	5.6%
Totals for Area of Interest		116.8	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor

components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Orange County and Part of Riverside County, California

173—Myford sandy loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hcnl Elevation: 0 to 1,560 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 62 to 65 degrees F

Frost-free period: 320 to 365 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Myford and similar soils: 75 percent Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Myford

Setting

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Alluvium derived from sandstone

Typical profile

A1 - 0 to 1 inches: sandy loam
A2 - 1 to 4 inches: sandy loam
A3 - 4 to 12 inches: sandy loam
Bt1 - 12 to 18 inches: sandy clay
Bt2 - 18 to 28 inches: sandy clay loam
Btk1 - 28 to 35 inches: sandy clay loam
Btk2 - 35 to 41 inches: sandy clay loam
B't1 - 41 to 49 inches: sandy clay loam
B't2 - 49 to 61 inches: sandy clay loam
Bt3 - 61 to 71 inches: sandy clay loam
C - 71 to 79 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 9 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 8 to 20 inches to abrupt textural change

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

173 Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: R019XD061CA - CLAYPAN

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Myford, thick surface

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R019XD061CA - CLAYPAN

Hydric soil rating: No

Capistrano

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R019XD029CA - LOAMY

Hydric soil rating: No

Yorba, gravelly sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R019XD061CA - CLAYPAN

Hydric soil rating: No

Chesterton, loamy sand

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R019XD061CA - CLAYPAN

Hydric soil rating: No

Water

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Landform: Depressions

174—Myford sandy loam, 2 to 9 percent slopes, eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hcnm Elevation: 20 to 1,070 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 63 to 65 degrees F

Frost-free period: 320 to 365 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Myford, eroded, and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Myford, Eroded

Setting

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Alluvium derived from sandstone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: sandy loam Bt - 7 to 11 inches: sandy clay

Btk - 11 to 21 inches: sandy clay loam B't - 21 to 64 inches: sandy clay loam C - 64 to 79 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 9 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 4 to 10 inches to abrupt textural change

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 0.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: R019XD061CA - CLAYPAN

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Myford, sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Yorba, gravelly sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

175—Myford sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hcnn

Elevation: 1,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 270 to 350 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Myford and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Myford

Settina

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Alluvium derived from mixed

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 12 inches: sandy loam H2 - 12 to 18 inches: sandy clay

H3 - 18 to 28 inches: sandy clay loam H4 - 28 to 71 inches: sandy clay loam H5 - 71 to 79 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 9 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

175- Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R019XD061CA - CLAYPAN

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Capistrano, sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Myford, sandy loam, eroded

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Yorba, gravelly sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

San andreas, sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

177—Myford sandy loam, 9 to 30 percent slopes, eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hcnq

Elevation: 0 to 2,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 18 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 62 to 65 degrees F

Frost-free period: 290 to 365 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Myford and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Myford

Setting

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Alluvium derived from sandstone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 7 inches: sandy loam Bt - 7 to 11 inches: sandy clay

Btk - 11 to 21 inches: sandy clay loam B't - 21 to 64 inches: sandy clay loam C - 64 to 79 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 9 to 30 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 4 to 10 inches to abrupt textural change

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 0.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: R019XD061CA - CLAYPAN

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Myford, sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R019XD061CA - CLAYPAN

Hydric soil rating: No

Cieneba, sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Ridges

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Ecological site: R019XD060CA - SHALLOW LOAMY

Hydric soil rating: No

Yorba, cobbly sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Ecological site: R019XD061CA - CLAYPAN

Hydric soil rating: No

178—Myford sandy loam, thick surface, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hcnr

Elevation: 1,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 63 degrees F

Frost-free period: 270 to 350 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Myford and similar soils: 75 percent Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Myford

Setting

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Alluvium derived from mixed

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 22 inches: sandy loam
H2 - 22 to 28 inches: sandy clay
H3 - 28 to 38 inches: sandy clay loam
H4 - 38 to 71 inches: sandy clay loam

H5 - 71 to 79 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 2.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3s <u>Land capability classification</u> (nonirrigated): 3s

178 Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R019XD061CA - CLAYPAN

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Myford, sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Myford, steeper sloping

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Yorba, gravelly sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Chesterson, loamy sand

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Capistrano, sandy loam

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Unnamed, ponded

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Landform: Depressions Hydric soil rating: Yes

210—Thapto-Histic Fluvaquents

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hcps

Elevation: 20 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 inches Mean annual air temperature: 59 degrees F

Frost-free period: 365 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

Map Unit Composition

Thapto-histic fluvaquents and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Thapto-histic Fluvaquents

Setting

Landform: Beach plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Organic material and/or mixed alluvium

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 9 inches: mucky clay
A - 9 to 21 inches: mucky silty clay

20a - 21 to 56 inches: highly decomposed plant material

3C - 56 to 68 inches: silty clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to

moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 24 to 42 inches

Frequency of flooding: Rare Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 5 percent

Maximum salinity: Slightly saline to moderately saline (4.0 to 8.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: High (about 11.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 3w Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3w

210 Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R019XG902CA - Beaches

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Minor Components

Chino, silty clay loam

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Unnamed, steeper soils

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Bolsa, silty clay loam

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Bolsa, silt loam

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Hydric soil rating: No

riyunc son ram

Omni, clay

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

218—Xeralfic arents, loamy, 9 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hcq1 Elevation: 0 to 2,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 15 inches Mean annual air temperature: 63 to 66 degrees F

Frost-free period: 365 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Xeralfic arents and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Xeralfic Arents

Setting

Landform: Hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Convex

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 60 inches: variable

Properties and qualities

Slope: 9 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Ecological site: F019XG913CA - Loamy Hills <30"ppt

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Unnamed, undisturbed

Percent of map unit: 15 percent Hydric soil rating: No

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Appendix 4

Existing Condition Hydrology Calculations

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**************************
         RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
         (Reference: 1986 ORANGE COUNTY HYDROLOGY CRITERION)
       (c) Copyright 1983-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
         Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1355
                    Analysis prepared by:
                   Fuscoe Engineering, Inc.
                    15535 Sand Canyon Ave.
                         Suite 100
                       Irvine, CA 92618
* SNUG HARBOR
* EXISTING CONDITION
* 2 YR
**************************
 FILE NAME: SNUG2EX.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:49 08/06/2024
______
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
_____
               --*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 2.00
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 6.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
 *DATA BANK RAINFALL USED*
 *ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) I ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD*
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
   HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
   WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
    (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT)
   2.00 0.0312 0.167 0.0150
   30.0
         20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
     as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
 *USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED
 SUBAREA A
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                           55.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) =
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.180
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
                                               SCS Tc
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                   SCS SOIL AREA
                                  Fp
                                          Ар
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
```

```
0.88
                                       0.20
                                             0.100
                                                           5.34
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                      1.71
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      0.88 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.34
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.18
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
                            0.88
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                    1.71
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 11.20 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
_____
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                              63.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                                        0.67
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 9.862
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.533
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                    SCS SOIL AREA
                                       Fp
                                               Αp
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL D 0.67 0.20 6
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
                                              0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                       0.91
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    0.67 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.20 TO NODE 11.30 IS CODE = 91
______
 >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
______
 UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 62.00
 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 55.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 173.00
 "V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.160
 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0150
 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.476
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                     SCS SOIL
                              ARFA
                                       Fp
     LAND USE
                      GROUP
                            (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                               0.78
                                       0.20
                                               0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.29
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =
 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.67 Tc(MIN.) = 10.53
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.78 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.02
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.45 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
```

```
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.5
                                PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                     1.90
 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =
                                    6.42
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.41 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 0.90
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                        11.30 =
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.30 TO NODE 11.40 IS CODE = 41
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 55.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 52.00 MANNING'S N = 0.015
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 12.25
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                 1.90
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) = 10.61
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                        11.40 =
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.40 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 150.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0300
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 1.90
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.51 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.05
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.00 Tc(MIN.) = 11.60
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                       11.10 TO NODE
                                        11.00 =
                                                705.00 FEET.
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.60
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.40
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.45
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.50 TO NODE 11.60 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
_____
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 265.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 62.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) =
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.067
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                    SCS SOIL AREA
                                     Fp
                                                   SCS
                                             Αp
     LAND USE
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                             0.46
                                     0.20
                                             0.100
                                                   57
```



```
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.85
                     0.46 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                  0.85
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.60 TO NODE 11.70 IS CODE = 41
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 53.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 52.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 6.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 12.70
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.85
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) =
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.50 TO NODE
                                         11.70 =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.70 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
-----
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 143.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0315
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 0.85
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.69 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.03
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.41 TC(MIN.) = 7.34
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.50 TO NODE
                                         11.00 =
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.34
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.82
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.46
                              9.46
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                0.85
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                         Ap Ae HEADWATER
                                              (ACRES) NODE
  NUMBER
           (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                  5.34 2.180 0.20(0.02) 0.10
11.60 1.396 0.20(0.02) 0.10
                                              0.9
    1
            1.71
                                                       10.00
    2
            1.90
                 11.60
                                                  1.5
                                                         11.10
                 7.34 1.817 0.20( 0.02) 0.10
            0.85
                                                0.5
                                                         11.50
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
                                        Ap Ae
                                                    HEADWATER
  STREAM
           Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
           (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  NUMBER
                                              (ACRES)
           3.84 7.34 1.817 0.20( 0.02) 0.10 1.9
3.64 11 60 1.206 0.20 0.02) 0.10 2.3
            3.82 5.34 2.180 0.20(0.02) 0.10
    1
                                                         10.00
    2
                                                 2.3
                                                         11.50
            3.64 11.60 1.396 0.20( 0.02) 0.10 2.8
    3
                                                         11.10
```

```
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.84 Tc(MIN.) = 7.34
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.26 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.8
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                                   11.00 =
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 174.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0259 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.695
  SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA FP AP SCS
LAND USE GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
COMMERCIAL D 0.24 0.20 0.100 57
 COMMERCIAL
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
  TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.09
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.94
 Tc(MIN.) = 8.27
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.24 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.36

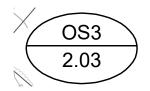
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.50 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.0 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.84
 NOTE: PEAK FLOW RATE DEFAULTED TO UPSTREAM VALUE
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.95
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 12.00 = 879.00 FEET.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae HEADWATER NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) NODE
             3.82 6.27 1.987 0.20(0.02) 0.10 2.1
3.84 8.27 1.695 0.20(0.02) 0.10 2.5
3.64 12.54 1.336 0.20(0.02) 0.10 3.0
                                                                    10.00
     1
                                                                      11.50
                                                                      11.10
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.84 Tc(MIN.) = 8.27 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
  CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.27
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.70
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.03
                                    2.50
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                           3.84
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.10 TO NODE 12.20 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
```

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```
>>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 270.00
                               58.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K^*[(LENGTH^{**} 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]^{**}0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.626
     2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.926
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                  SCS SOIL AREA
                                        Fp
                                                 Ар
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
C 2.03 0.25 0.100 50 6.63
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL C 2.03 0.25 G
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 COMMERCIAL
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
                       3.47
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.03 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.47
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.20 TO NODE 12.30 IS CODE = 41
------
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 52.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 45.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 200.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 17.69
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.47
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.19 Tc(MIN.) =
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 12.10 TO NODE
                                           12.30 =
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.30 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
-----
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 45.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 350.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0457
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
     2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.683
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                                        SCS
     LAND USE
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                               1.26
                                      0.20
                                                0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.72
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.08 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.57
 Tc(MIN.) = 8.38
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.26 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.89 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.29 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                        3.3
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                           4.91
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.08 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.04
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 12.10 TO NODE
                                          12.00 =
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 1
------
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
```



```
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.38
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.68
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.29
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                           4.91
  ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                     Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                                             HEADWATER
  STREAM
              Q
                                                 Ар
                                                        Ae
  NUMBER
             (CFS)
                   (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                                                       (ACRES) NODE
                    6.27 1.987 0.20( 0.02) 0.10
                                                       2.1
     1
              3.82
                                                                    10.00
                             1.695 0.20( 0.02) 0.10
1.336 0.20( 0.02) 0.10
              3.84
                     8.27
                                                           2.5
                                                                    11.50
     1
                    12.54
     1
              3.64
                                                           3.0
                                                                    11.10
              4.91
                    8.38 1.683 0.23( 0.02) 0.10
                                                           3.3
                                                                    12.10
     2
  RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
  CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
             Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                                      Ae HEADWATER
  STRFAM
                   (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
6.27 1.987 0.22( 0.02) 0.10
8.27 1.695 0.22( 0.02) 0.10
                                                       (ACRES)
  NUMBER
             (CFS)
                                                                NODE
                                                      4.6
     1
              8.18
                                                                    10.00
     2
              8.73
                                                           5.7
                                                                    11.50
     3
              8.75
                   8.38
                           1.683 0.22( 0.02) 0.10
                                                          5.8
                                                                    12.10
     4
              7.53 12.54 1.336 0.22( 0.02) 0.10
                                                           6.3
                                                                    11.10
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.75 Tc(MIN.) = 8.38
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 5.80 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.3
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                                 12.00 =
                                                           879.00 FEET.
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 26.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 134.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0224
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.624
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                       SCS SOIL AREA
                                            Fp
      LAND USE
                          GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 COMMERCIAL
                           D
                                    0.80
                                            0.20
                                                       0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
  TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEÉT/SEC.) = 4.15
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.54
 Tc(MIN.) = 8.92
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.15

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.60 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                            7.1
                                       PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                   9.52
  END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.24
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 13.00 =
                                                            1013.00 FEET.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
                                                               HEADWATER
  STREAM
             Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                                 Ap Ae
```

```
(CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                                             (ACRES)
  NUMBER
            9.07 6.83 1.892 0.21(0.02) 0.10 5.4
                                                         10.00
    1
            9.50 8.81 1.635 0.22(0.02) 0.10
9.52 8.92 1.624 0.22(0.02) 0.10
                                                   6.5
                                                           11.50
     3
                                                   6.6
                                                           12.10
            8.21 13.10 1.302 0.21(0.02)0.10
                                                          11.10
                                                   7.1
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 9.52 Tc(MIN.) = 8.92 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =
 SUBARFA B
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 21.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 122.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 30.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 5.000
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.264
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                       Fp
     LAND USE
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 COMMERCIAL
                      D 0.09
                                      0.20
                                             0.100 57
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.18
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      0.09 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                   0.18
 SUBAREA C
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE 31.00 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 266.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                              31.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 22.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.870
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.886
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                       Fp
                                                Ap
                                                     SCS Tc
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 RESIDENTIAL
 "8-10 DWELLINGS/ACRE"
                       D
                               0.69
                                       0.20
                                               0.400
                                                            6.87
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.400
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.12
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      0.69 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
+------
 SUBAREA D
```

```
+-----
**********************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 41.00 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
_____
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 278.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 54.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 31.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 11.038
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.437
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                 Fp
                                               SCS Tc
                                          Αp
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "THRE"
                           2.13
                                   0.25
                                          1.000
                                                 59 11.04
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.28
                    2.13 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                             2.28
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 41.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 41
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 21.40
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 218.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.52
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 8.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
                2.28
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.56 Tc(MIN.) = 11.60
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                       40.00 TO NODE
                                      42.00 =
                                               496.00 FEET.
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 81
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 11.60
   2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.397
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                  Fp
    LAND USE
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "TURF"
                            1.25
                                          1.000
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.25 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.35

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.38 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.23

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    3.4
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 41
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 21.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 18.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 354.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.15
```

```
PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 8.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.54
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.58 Tc(MIN.) = 12.18
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE
                                          43.00 =
                                                     850.00 FEET.
 SUBAREA E
***********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 150.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 27.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 18.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 9.196
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.596
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                      Fp
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "TURF"
                        D
                                0.36
                                       0.20
                                                1.000
                                                             9.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.45
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.36 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 51
 ______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 18.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 17.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 161.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0062 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.500
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.385
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                       Fρ
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "TURF"
                               0.72
                        D
                                         0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.04
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.58
 Tc(MIN.) = 11.77
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.72 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.77

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.08 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                          1.15
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.17
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 52.00 =
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
```

```
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.77
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.38
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.08
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.08
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                    1.15
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 54.00 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 54.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 37.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 12.996
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.308
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
                               1.20
 "TURF"
                        C
                                       0.25
                                                1.000
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.14
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.20 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 55.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 37.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 32.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 204.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0245 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.191
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                       Fρ
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "TURF"
                               1.80
                                        0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.46
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.32
 Tc(MIN.) = 15.32
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.52

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.00 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                           2.54
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.10 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.66
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                           53.00 TO NODE 55.00 =
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 55.00 TO NODE 56.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
```

```
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 32.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 19.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 261.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0479 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.110
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                           Fp
      LAND USE
                        GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 URBAN FAIR COVER
  "TURF"
                                   1.35
                                             0.20
                                                     1.000
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.09
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEÉT/SEC.) = 2.18
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.99
 Tc(MIN.) = 17.31
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.35 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.11 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 4.35 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                          4.3
                                     PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.10 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.24
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                               53.00 TO NODE 56.00 =
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 56.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 51
 ______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 19.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 17.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 110.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0227
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 3.43
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.83 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.00 Tc(MIN.) = 18.31
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE
                                                52.00 =
                                                           905.00 FEET.
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 18.31
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.07
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.35
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.35
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
  ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                                    Ae HEADWATER
                                                     (ACRES) NODE
             (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  NUMBER
              1.15 11.77 1.385 0.20(0.20) 1.00 1.1
                                                                 50.00
     1
              3.43 18.31 1.075 0.23( 0.23) 1.00
                                                         4.3
                                                                  53.00
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
```

```
Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae HEADWATER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) NODE
  STREAM
  NUMBER
                    11.77 1.385 0.22(0.22) 1.00 3.9
18.31 1.075 0.23(0.23) 1.00 5.4
     1
              4.17
                                                                   50.00
                   18.31
              4.28
                                                                   53.00
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 4.28 Tc(MIN.) = 18.31

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 5.43 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.4
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE
                                                52.00 =
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 57.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
  >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 17.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 16.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 253.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0040
  CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.500
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 0.997
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                                  AREA
                                         Fp
                                                              SCS
                         GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
      LAND USE
  URBAN FAIR COVER
  "TURF"
                                   1.44
                                             0.20
                                                    1.000
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
  TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
  TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.65
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.47 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.55
  Tc(MIN.) = 20.87
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.44 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.03
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.87 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) =
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                         6.9
                                     PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                  4.79
  END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.47 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.65
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 57.00 =
                                                           1158.00 FEET.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
             Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                                Ар
                                                     Ae
  NUMBER
             (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                                                     (ACRES)

    4.87
    14.34
    1.236
    0.22( 0.22)
    1.00

    4.79
    20.87
    0.997
    0.22( 0.22)
    1.00

                                                      5.3
     1
                                                                  50.00
     2
                                                          6.9
                                                                   53.00
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                           4.87 \text{ Tc}(MIN.) = 14.34
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 57.00 TO NODE 58.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 16.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 107.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0047 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.500
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.190
  SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
                    SCS SOIL AREA
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                            Fp
                                                       Aр
                                                              SCS
                         GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
  "TURF"
                           D
                                   1.22
                                            0.20
                                                      1.000
                                                               66
```

```
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
  TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.80
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.48 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.99
 Tc(MIN.) = 15.33
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.22 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.09
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.54 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) =
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
                                                                       0.21
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                         8.1
                                         PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                      5.74
  END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.84
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 58.00 =
                                                               1265.00 FEET.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
              Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  STREAM
                                                   Ар
                                                         Ae
                                                                  HEADWATER
  NUMBER
                                                         (ACRES)
                                                                  NODE

      5.74
      15.33
      1.190
      0.21( 0.21)
      1.00

      5.48
      21.86
      0.971
      0.22( 0.22)
      1.00

                                                            6.5
                                                                       50.00
                                                                       53.00
                                                              8.1
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                            5.74 \text{ Tc}(MIN.) = 15.33
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.54
_____
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.1 TC(MIN.) = 15.33
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.54 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.21
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.000
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                5.74
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
              Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                                  Ар
  STRFAM
                                                                 HEADWATER
                                                        Ae
              (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES)
5.74 15.33 1.190 0.21(0.21) 1.00 6.5
5.48 21.86 0.971 0.22(0.22) 1.00 8.1
   NUMBER
      1
                                                             8.1
______
_____
 END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS
```

```
**************************
         RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
         (Reference: 1986 ORANGE COUNTY HYDROLOGY CRITERION)
       (c) Copyright 1983-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
         Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1355
                    Analysis prepared by:
                   Fuscoe Engineering, Inc.
                    15535 Sand Canyon Ave.
                         Suite 100
                       Irvine, CA 92618
* SNUG HARBOR
* EXISTING CONDITION
**************************
 FILE NAME: SNUG2EX.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:51 08/06/2024
______
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
_____
               --*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 25.00
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 6.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
 *DATA BANK RAINFALL USED*
 *ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) II ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD*
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
   HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
   WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
    (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT)
   2.00 0.0312 0.167 0.0150
   30.0
         20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
     as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
 *USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED
 SUBAREA A
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                           55.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) =
  25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.648
 SUBAREA Tc AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
                   SCS SOIL AREA
                                               SCS Tc
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                  Fp
                                           Ар
     LAND USE
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
```

```
0.88
                                     0.20 0.100 75
                                                        5.34
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.67
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     0.88 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                3.67
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.34
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.65
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.88
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                   3.67
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 11.20 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 63.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 9.862
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.284
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA Fp
                                              Αp
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
D 0.67 0.20 0.100 75 9.86
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL D 0.67 0.20 0.100 75 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.97
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.67 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.20 TO NODE 11.30 IS CODE = 91
______
 >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 62.00
 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 55.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 173.00
 "V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.160
 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0150
 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.170
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             ARFA
                                     Fp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.78
                                     0.20
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.52
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =
 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.64 Tc(MIN.) = 10.50
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.78 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.21 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.45 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
```

```
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.5
                                 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                      4.11
 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 11.46
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.66 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 1.19
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                        11.30 =
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.30 TO NODE 11.40 IS CODE = 41
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 55.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 52.00 MANNING'S N = 0.015
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 15.45
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.11
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) = 10.56
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                         11.40 =
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.40 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 150.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0300
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 4.11
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.16 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.79 Tc(MIN.) = 11.35
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 11.00 = 11.00
                                                 705.00 FEET.
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.35
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.03
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.45
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.50 TO NODE 11.60 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
_____
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 265.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 62.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 55.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 5.859
  25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.410
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                      Fp
                                              Αp
     LAND USE
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                              0.46
                                    0.20
                                              0.100 75 5.86
```

```
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.82
                     0.46 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                   1.82
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.60 TO NODE 11.70 IS CODE = 41
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 53.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 52.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 6.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.5 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 15.43
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.82
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) =
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.50 TO NODE
                                          11.70 =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.70 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
-----
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 143.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0315
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 1.82
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.40 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.05
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.99 Tc(MIN.) = 6.91
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.50 TO NODE
                                          11.00 = 460.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.91
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.46
                               9.46
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                   1.82
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
          Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
                                         Ap Ae HEADWATER
                                               (ACRES) NODE
  NUMBER
           (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                  5.34 4.648 0.20(0.02) 0.10
11.35 3.033 0.20(0.02) 0.10
                                               0.9
    1
            3.67
                                                        10.00
    2
            4.11
                  11.35
                                                   1.5
                                                          11.10
                 6.91 4.017 0.20( 0.02) 0.10
            1.82
                                                 0.5
                                                          11.50
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
           Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                                                    HEADWATER
  STREAM
                                        Ap Ae
(ACRES
  NUMBER
                                               (ACRES)
            8.26 5.34 4.648 0.20(0.02) 0.10 1.9
8.30 6.91 4.017 0.20(0.02) 0.10 2.2
    1
                                                          10.00
    2
                                                          11.50
            7.87 11.35 3.033 0.20(0.02) 0.10 2.8
    3
                                                          11.10
```

```
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.30 Tc(MIN.) = 6.91
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.22 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
  AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.8
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                                  11.00 =
                                                                 705.00 FEET.
*************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 51
  >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
  >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 174.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0259
  CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
  MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.803
  SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOÍL AREA FP AP SCS
LAND USE GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
COMMERCIAL D 0.24 0.20 0.100 75
  COMMERCIAL
                           D
                                     0.24 0.20
                                                          0.100
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
  TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.14
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.70
  Tc(MIN.) = 7.61
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.24 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.82

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.46 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.0 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                        8.39
  END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.16
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 12.00 = 879.00 FEET.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
             Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae HEADWATER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) NODE
  STREAM
   NUMBER

      8.38
      6.04
      4.335
      0.20( 0.02) 0.10
      2.2

      8.39
      7.61
      3.803
      0.20( 0.02) 0.10
      2.5

      7.94
      12.05
      2.932
      0.20( 0.02) 0.10
      3.0

                                                              2.5
                                                                         11.50
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.39 Tc(MIN.) = 7.61
  AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
______
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
  CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
  TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.61
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.80
  AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
  AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.46
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.03
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                            8.39
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.10 TO NODE 12.20 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
  >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
```

```
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 270.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 58.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 54.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.626
  * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.113
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA FP AP SCS TC

LAND USE GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)

COMMERCIAL C 2 03 0 25 0 100 69 6 63
 COMMERCIAL C 2.03 0.25 0.100 69 6.63 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.47
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.03 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                       7.47
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.20 TO NODE 12.30 IS CODE = 41
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 52.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 45.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 200.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 38.04
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.47
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.09 Tc(MIN.) =
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 12.10 TO NODE
                                              12.30 = 470.00 FEET.
************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.30 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 45.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 350.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0457
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.735
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA FP AP SCS
LAND USE GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
COMMERCIAL D 1.26 0.20 0.100 75
 COMMERCIAL D 1.26 0.20 0.100 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.11
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.14
 Tc(MIN.) = 7.86
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.26 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.21

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.29 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                        3.3
                                   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                             10.99
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.45
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 12.10 TO NODE 12.00 =
                                                       820.00 FEET.
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
```

```
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.86
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.74
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.29
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.29
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 10.99
  ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
              Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES
  STREAM Q
                                                         Ae HEADWATER (ACRES) NODE
   NUMBER
              8.38 6.04 4.335 0.20( 0.02) 0.10
                                                         2.2
     1
               8.39 7.61 3.803 0.20( 0.02) 0.10
      1
                                                              2.5
                                                                        11.50
              7.94 12.05 2.932 0.20(0.02) 0.10
10.99 7.86 3.735 0.23(0.02) 0.10
                                                              3.0
                                                                       11.10
      1
              10.99
                                                              3.3
                                                                        12.10
  RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae HEADWATER NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) NODE

    18.19
    6.04
    4.335
    0.22( 0.02) 0.10
    4.7

    19.23
    7.61
    3.803
    0.22( 0.02) 0.10
    5.6

     1
                                                                       10.00
      2
                                                                        11.50
              19.35 7.86 3.735 0.22(0.02) 0.10
                                                            5.8
                                                                        12.10
      3
              16.55 12.05 2.932 0.22( 0.02) 0.10
                                                              6.3
                                                                        11.10
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 19.35 Tc(MIN.) = 7.86
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 5.78 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.3
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                                    12.00 =
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 51
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 26.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 134.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0224
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.634
  SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                              Fn
 LAND USE GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN COMMERCIAL D 0.80 0.20 0.100 75 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
  TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 20.65
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.71
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.24 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.39
 Tc(MIN.) = 8.25
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.60

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.58 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                        7.1
                                     PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                    21.41
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.73
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 13.00 =
                                                             1013.00 FEET.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                                    Ap Ae
                                                                HEADWATER
              (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
```

NUMBER

(ACRES) NODE

```
20.54 6.44 4.182 0.21(0.02)0.10 5.5
                                                             10.00
            21.33 8.00 3.696 0.22(0.02) 0.10 6.4
                                                             11.50
                   8.25
                          3.634 0.22( 0.02) 0.10
    3
           21.41
                                                     6.6
                                                             12.10
                        2.876 0.21( 0.02) 0.10
           18.29 12.47
                                                     7.1
                                                             11.10
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                       21.41 \text{ Tc}(MIN.) =
                                           8.25
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =
 SUBAREA B
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 122.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                               30.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 5.000
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.824
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                        Fn
                                                  An
                                                        SCS
                                                             Τc
     LAND USE
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                               0.09
                                      0.20
                                                0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.39
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.09 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                     0.39
 SUBAREA C
                       30.00 TO NODE
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 266.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                31.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.870
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.030
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                        Fp
                                                  Ap
                       GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 RESIDENTIAL
 "8-10 DWELLINGS/ACRE"
                       D
                                0.69
                                         0.20
                                                 0.400
                                                         75
                                                              6.87
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.400
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.45
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                       0.69 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 SUBARFA D
```

```
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 41.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
_____
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 278.00
                           54.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 31.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 11.038
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.081
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                  SCS SOIL AREA
                                  Fp
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
                                          1.000 77 11.04
                            2.13
                                   0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.43
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.13 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 41.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 41
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 21.40
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 218.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 15.55
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 8.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.43
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.23 Tc(MIN.) = 11.27
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 42.00 =
                                              496.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
_____
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 11.27
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.045
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA Fp
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "TURF" D 1.25 0.20 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
                                          1.000
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.25 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.20 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.38 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     3.4
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 41
 -----
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 21.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 18.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 354.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 24.52
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
```

```
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 8.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 8.56
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.24 Tc(MIN.) = 11.51
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 43.00
                                           43.00 =
                                                      850.00 FEET.
 SUBAREA E
       -----
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 150.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 27.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 18.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) =
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.417
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                      Fp Ap
                                                      SCS Tc
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "TURF"
                        D
                               0.36
                                         0.20
                                               1.000
                                                              9.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.04
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                       0.36 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
-----
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 18.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 17.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 161.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0062
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.500
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.074
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                       Fp
                                                        SCS
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
                                0.72
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.42
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.88
 Tc(MIN.) = 11.08
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.72 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.86
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.08 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) =
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
                                                            0.20
                       1.1
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                           2.79
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.61
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 52.00 = 311.00 FEET.
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
```

```
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.08
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.07
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
                                1.08
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.08
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                      2.79
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 54.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 54.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 37.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 12.996
  * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.809
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                                       SCS Tc
                                        Fp
                                                 Ap
                       GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
      LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
  "TURF"
                                1.20
                                         0.25
                                                1.000 77 13.00
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.76
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.20 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                     2.76
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 55.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
-----
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 37.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 32.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 204.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0245
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.630
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
                    SCS SOIL AREA
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                        Fp
                                                         SCS
                       GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
                         C
                                1.80
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.12
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.15 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.61
 Tc(MIN.) = 14.60
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.86
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.00 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) =
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
                       3.0
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                            6.43
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.40
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 55.00 =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 55.00 TO NODE 56.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) << <<
```

```
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 32.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 19.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 261.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0479
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.501
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                       SCS SOIL AREA
                                           Fp
                        GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
      LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
  "TURF"
                                           0.20
                          D
                                  1.35
                                                   1.000
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.20
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.36
 Tc(MIN.) = 15.96
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.35 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.80
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 4.35 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) =
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED AP = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.3
                                    PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                               8.87
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.32
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 56.00 =
                                                         795.00 FEET.
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 56.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 19.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 17.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 110.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0227
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 8.87
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.71 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.22
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.68 TC(MIN.) = 16.64
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                            53.00 TO NODE
                                               52.00 =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.64
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.44
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
                                 4.35
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.35
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                        8.87
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                   Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
             0
                                               Αp
                                                    Ae
                                                           HEADWATER
                   (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  NUMBER
             (CFS)
                                                    (ACRES)
                   11.08 3.074 0.20( 0.20) 1.00
     1
             2.79
                                                     1.1
                                                                50.00
                  16.64 2.442 0.23( 0.23) 1.00
                                                                53.00
  RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
            Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                               Αp
                                                    Ae
                                                           HEADWATER
```

```
(CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
            (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) 10.39 11.08 3.074 0.23(0.23) 1.00 4.0
  NUMBER
                                                              50.00
     1
            11.05 16.64 2.442 0.23(0.23) 1.00
                                                         5.4
                                                                 53.00
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 11.05 Tc(MIN.) = 16.64 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 5.43 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.4
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 57.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 17.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 16.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 253.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0040
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.500
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.298
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
                    SCS SOIL AREA
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                          Fp
     LAND USE
                        GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 URBAN FAIR COVER
                                            0.20
                                  1.44
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.22
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.80 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.90
 Tc(MIN.) = 18.54
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.44 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.72

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.87 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.22

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.9
                                     PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.81 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.24
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 57.00 = 1158.00 FEET.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae HEADWATER NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) NODE
            12.63 13.00 2.809 0.22(0.22) 1.00 5.4
12.84 18.54 2.298 0.22(0.22) 1.00 6.9
     1
                                                                50.00
                                                                 53.00
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                         12.84 \text{ Tc}(MIN.) = 18.54
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 57.00 TO NODE 58.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 16.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 107.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0047 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.500
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.248
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                          Fp
                        GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "TURF"
                          D
                                   1.22
                                            0.20
                                                   1.000
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
```

```
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
  TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 13.96
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.44
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.81 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.73
 Tc(MIN.) = 19.27
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.22 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.25

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 8.09 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.22

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.1
                                        PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                       14.78
  END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.84 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.47
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 58.00 = 1265.00 FEET.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
           Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES
  STREAM
                                                                    HEADWATER
  NUMBER
                                                            (ACRES) NODE
              14.98 13.73 2.723 0.22( 0.22) 1.00 6.6
14.78 19.27 2.248 0.22( 0.22) 1.00 8.1
                                                                        50.00
      1
                                                                           53.00
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.98 Tc(MIN.) = 13.73 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.64
______
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.1 TC(MIN.) = 13.73
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.64 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.22
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.000
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                               14.98
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae HEADWATER NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) NODE

    14.98
    13.73
    2.723
    0.22( 0.22)
    1.00
    6.6

    14.78
    19.27
    2.248
    0.22( 0.22)
    1.00
    8.1

      1
______
```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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**************************
         RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
         (Reference: 1986 ORANGE COUNTY HYDROLOGY CRITERION)
       (c) Copyright 1983-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
         Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1355
                    Analysis prepared by:
                   Fuscoe Engineering, Inc.
                    15535 Sand Canyon Ave.
                         Suite 100
                       Irvine, CA 92618
* SNUG HARBOR
* EXISTING CONDITION
**************************
 FILE NAME: SNUG2EX.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:51 08/06/2024
_____
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
_____
               --*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 6.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
 *DATA BANK RAINFALL USED*
 *ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) III ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD*
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
   HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
   WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
    (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT)
   2.00 0.0312 0.167 0.0150
   30.0
         20.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
     as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
 *USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED
 SUBAREA A
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                           55.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) =
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.959
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
                                               SCS Tc
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                   SCS SOIL AREA
                                  Fp
                                           Ар
     LAND USE
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
```

```
0.88
                                      0.20 0.100
                                                          5.34
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.70
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      0.88 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                   4.70
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.34
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.96
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.88
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                    4.70
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 11.20 IS CODE = 21
_____
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 63.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 9.862
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.192
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA Fp
                                               Αp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
D 0.67 0.20 0.100 91 9.86
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL D 0.67 0.20 0.100 91 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.52
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.67 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.20 TO NODE 11.30 IS CODE = 91
______
 >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 62.00
 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 55.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 173.00
 "V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.160
 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0150
 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL(DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.02000
 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.047
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                     SCS SOIL
                              ARFA
                                       Fp
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                               0.78
                                      0.20
                                               0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.60
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 11.22
"V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.63 Tc(MIN.) = 10.49
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.78 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.83
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.45 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
```

```
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.5
                                 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                      5.26
 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.27 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 13.26
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.76 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC) = 1.30
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                        11.30 =
*************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.30 TO NODE 11.40 IS CODE = 41
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 55.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 52.00 MANNING'S N = 0.015
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 36.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 16.65
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 36.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.26
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.05 Tc(MIN.) = 10.54
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                         11.40 =
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.40 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 51
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 150.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0300
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 5.26
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.64 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.10
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.69 Tc(MIN.) = 11.23
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 11.00 =
                                                705.00 FEET.
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 1
_____
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.23
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.89
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.45
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.50 TO NODE 11.60 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
_____
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 265.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 62.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) =
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.650
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                      Fp
                                              Αp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                              0.46
                                    0.20
                                             0.100 91 5.86
```

```
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.33
                     0.46 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                   2.33
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.60 TO NODE 11.70 IS CODE = 41
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 53.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 52.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 6.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.1 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 16.25
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.33
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.05 Tc(MIN.) =
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.50 TO NODE
                                          11.70 =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.70 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 51
------
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
-----
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 38.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 143.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0315
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 2.33
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.67 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.06
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.89 Tc(MIN.) = 6.80
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.50 TO NODE
                                          11.00 =
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.80
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.19
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.46
                                9.46
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                 2.33
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
             Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
                                          Ap Ae HEADWATER
                                               (ACRES) NODE
  NUMBER
           (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                  5.34 5.959 0.20(0.02) 0.10
11.23 3.892 0.20(0.02) 0.10
                                               0.9
    1
            4.70
                                                        10.00
            5.26
    2
                 11.23
                                                   1.5
                                                          11.10
                 6.80 5.186 0.20( 0.02) 0.10
            2.33
                                                 0.5
                                                          11.50
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
                                         Ap Ae
           Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  STRFAM
                                                    HEADWATER
  NUMBER
                                               (ACRES)
           10.64 5.34 5.959 0.20(0.02) 0.10 1.9
10.67 6.80 5.186 0.20(0.02) 0.10 2.2
    1
                                                          10.00
    2
                                                          11.50
           10.07 11.23 3.892 0.20(0.02) 0.10 2.8
    3
                                                          11.10
```

```
COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 10.67 Tc(MIN.) = 6.80

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.22 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.8
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                                     11.00 =
                                                                   705.00 FEET.
*************************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 51
  >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
  >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 33.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 174.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0259
  CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
  MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.928
  SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA FP AP SCS
LAND USE GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
                            D
  COMMERCIAL
                                      0.24 0.20
                                                           0.100
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
  TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.58
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.63
  Tc(MIN.) = 7.44
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.24 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.06

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.46 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.0
                                        PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                        10.86
  END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.60
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 12.00 = 879.00 FEET.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
             Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae HEADWATER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) NODE
  STREAM
   NUMBER

      10.88
      5.97
      5.589
      0.20( 0.02) 0.10
      2.2

      10.86
      7.44
      4.928
      0.20( 0.02) 0.10
      2.5

      10.22
      11.87
      3.769
      0.20( 0.02) 0.10
      3.0

                                                               2.5
                                                                          11.50
                                                                          11.10
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 10.88 Tc(MIN.) = 5.97
  AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
______
  TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
  CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
  TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.97
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.59
  AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
  AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.17
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.03
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.10 TO NODE 12.20 IS CODE = 21
  >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
  >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
```

```
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 270.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 58.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 54.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.626
  * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.265
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA FP AP SCS TC

LAND USE GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)

COMMERCIAL C 2 03 0 25 0 100 86 6 63
 COMMERCIAL C 2.03 0.25 0.100 86 6.63 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 9.57
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.03 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                       9.57
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.20 TO NODE 12.30 IS CODE = 41
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 52.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 45.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 200.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 48.76
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 9.57
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) =
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 12.10 TO NODE
                                              12.30 =
                                                        470.00 FFFT.
************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.30 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 45.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 350.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0457
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.829
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA FP AP SCS
LAND USE GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
COMMERCIAL D 1.26 0.20 0.100 91
 COMMERCIAL D 1.26 0.20 0.100 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.77
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.14 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.01
 Tc(MIN.) = 7.71
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.26 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.45
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.29 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                        3.3
                                   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                             14.23
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.03
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 12.10 TO NODE 12.00 =
                                                       820.00 FEET.
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
```

```
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
  TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.71
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.83
  AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
  AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23
  AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.29
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.29
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
  ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
               Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES
  STREAM Q
                                                           Ae HEADWATER (ACRES) NODE
   NUMBER
              10.88 5.97 5.589 0.20( 0.02) 0.10
                                                           2.2
     1
              10.86 7.44 4.928 0.20(0.02)0.10
      1
                                                                2.5
                                                                          11.50

    10.22
    11.87
    3.769
    0.20( 0.02)
    0.10

    14.23
    7.71
    4.829
    0.23( 0.02)
    0.10

                                                                3.0
                                                                          11.10
      1
                                                                3.3
                                                                          12.10
  RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
  CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae HEADWATER NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) NODE

      23.65
      5.97
      5.589
      0.22 ( 0.02 ) 0.10
      4.7

      24.88
      7.44
      4.928
      0.22 ( 0.02 ) 0.10
      5.6

      1
                                                                          10.00
      2
                                                                          11.50
              25.05 7.71 4.829 0.22(0.02) 0.10
                                                             5.8
                                                                          12.10
      3
              21.32 11.87 3.769 0.22( 0.02) 0.10
                                                                6.3
                                                                          11.10
  COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 25.05 Tc(MIN.) = 7.71
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 5.78 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
  AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.3
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE
                                                      12.00 =
                                                                  879.00 FFFT.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 51
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
  >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 26.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 134.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0224
  CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
  MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.705
  SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                                Fn
  LAND USE GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN COMMERCIAL D 0.80 0.20 0.100 91 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
  SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
  TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 26.74
  TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.25
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.36
  Tc(MIN.) = 8.06
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.37

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.58 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
  AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                         7.1
                                      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                      27.75
  END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
  DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.32
  LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 13.00 =
                                                                1013.00 FEET.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                                      Ap Ae
                                                                  HEADWATER
              (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
   NUMBER
                                                           (ACRES) NODE
```

```
26.74 6.33 5.403 0.21( 0.02) 0.10 5.5
                                                             10.00
            27.65 7.80 4.797 0.22( 0.02) 0.10 6.4
                                                              11.50
                         4.705 0.22(0.02)0.10
3.702 0.21(0.02)0.10
    3
            27.75
                   8.06
                                                     6.6
                                                              12.10
            23.58 12.25
                                                      7.1
                                                              11.10
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                        27.75 \text{ Tc}(MIN.) =
                                            8.06
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =
 SUBAREA B
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 122.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                30.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 5.000
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.187
 SUBAREA Tc AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                         Fn
                                                  An
                                                         SCS
                                                              Τc
     LAND USE
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                               0.09
                                       0.20
                                                 0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.50
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.09 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                      0.50
 SUBAREA C
                       30.00 TO NODE
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
_____
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 266.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                 31.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.870
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.157
 SUBAREA Tc AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                         Fp
                                                  Ap
                       GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 RESIDENTIAL
 "8-10 DWELLINGS/ACRE"
                       D
                                0.69
                                          0.20
                                                  0.400
                                                               6.87
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.400
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.15
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                       0.69 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                     3.15
 SUBARFA D
```

```
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 41.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
_____
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 278.00
                           54.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 31.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 11.038
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.930
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                  SCS SOIL AREA
                                  Fp
     LAND USE
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 URBAN FAIR COVER
                                          1.000 92 11.04
                            2.13
                                   0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 7.06
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.13 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 41.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 41
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 29.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 21.40
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 218.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 20.21
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 8.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.06
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.18 Tc(MIN.) = 11.22
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 42.00 =
                                              496.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
_____
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 11.22
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.894
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA FP
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "TURF" D 1.25 0.20 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
                                          1.000
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.25 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.16
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.38 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.23
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     3.4
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 41
 -----
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 21.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 18.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 354.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 31.92
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
```

```
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 8.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 11.14
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.18 Tc(MIN.) = 11.40
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 43.00
                                           43.00 =
                                                      850.00 FEET.
 SUBAREA E
       -----
***********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 150.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 27.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 18.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 9.196
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.364
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
                                     Fp Ap
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                                       SCS Tc
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "TURF"
                        D
                                0.36
                                         0.20
                                               1.000
                                                              9.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.35
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                       0.36 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 18.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 17.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 161.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0062
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.500
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.957
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                       Fp
                                                        SCS
                      GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
                        D
                                0.72
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.56
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.71
 Tc(MIN.) = 10.91
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.72 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.43
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.08 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) =
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
                                                            0.20
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                       1.1
                                 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                            3.65
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.35 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.75
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 52.00 =
************************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
```

```
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.91
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.96
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
                                1.08
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.08
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                      3.65
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 54.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 54.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 37.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 12.996
  * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.579
 SUBAREA To AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                                        SCS Tc
                                        Fp
                                                  Αp
                       GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
      LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
  "THRF"
                         C
                                1.20
                                          0.25
                                                1.000
                                                          92 13.00
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.60
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                       1.20 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                      3.60
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 55.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 37.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 32.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 204.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0245
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.371
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
                    SCS SOIL AREA
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                        Fp
                       GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
                         C
                                1.80
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.37
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.17 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.44
 Tc(MIN.) = 14.43
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 5.06
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.00 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) =
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
                                                             0.25
                       3.0
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                             8.43
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.21 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.69
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 55.00 =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 55.00 TO NODE 56.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
```

```
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 32.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 19.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 261.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0479
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
  * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.216
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                       SCS SOIL AREA
                                           Fp
                        GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
      LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
  "TURF"
                                           0.20
                          D
                                  1.35
                                                   1.000
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.53
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.23
 Tc(MIN.) = 15.66
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.35 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.66
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 4.35 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) =
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.3
                                     PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.21 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.73
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 56.00 =
                                                          795.00 FEET.
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 56.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 51
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 19.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 17.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 110.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0227
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 11.67
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.97 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.62 Tc(MIN.) = 16.28

LONGEST ELOUIDATH FROM NODE 52.00 TO NOOS 50.00
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                            53.00 TO NODE
                                               52.00 =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.28
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.15
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.35
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                   Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
            0
                                               Αp
                                                     Ae
                                                           HEADWATER
                   (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  NUMBER
             (CFS)
                                                    (ACRES)
                   10.91 3.957 0.20( 0.20) 1.00
     1
             3.65
                                                     1.1
                                                                50.00
                  16.28 3.146 0.23( 0.23) 1.00
                                                                53.00
  RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
            Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                               Αp
                                                    Ae
                                                           HEADWATER
```

```
(CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
            (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES)
13.65 10.91 3.957 0.23(0.23)1.00 4.0
  NUMBER
                                                              50.00
     1
            14.54 16.28 3.146 0.23( 0.23) 1.00
                                                         5.4
                                                                  53.00
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.54 Tc(MIN.) = 16.28
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 5.43 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.4
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE
*****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 57.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
------
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 17.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 16.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 253.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0040
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.500
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.966
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
                    SCS SOIL AREA
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                          Fp
     LAND USE
                        GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 URBAN FAIR COVER
                                            0.20
                                  1.44
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.40
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.93 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.75
 Tc(MIN.) = 18.04
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.44 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.59

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.87 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.22

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.9
                                     PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.95 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.43
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 57.00 = 1158.00 FEET.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae HEADWATER NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) NODE
            16.69 12.68 3.631 0.22(0.22) 1.00 5.4
16.97 18.04 2.966 0.22(0.22) 1.00 6.9
     1
                                                                50.00
                                                                 53.00
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                         16.97 \text{ Tc}(MIN.) = 18.04
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =
*****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 57.00 TO NODE 58.00 IS CODE = 51
______
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 16.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 15.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 107.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0047 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.500
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.905
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                          Fp
                         GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 URBAN FAIR COVER
 "TURF"
                           D
                                   1.22
                                            0.20
                                                   1.000
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
```

```
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
  TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 18.45
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.64
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.95 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.68
 Tc(MIN.) = 18.71
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.22 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.97

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 8.09 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.22

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.1 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                                       19.56
  END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.98 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.68
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 58.00 = 1265.00 FEET.
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
           Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES
  STREAM
                                                                    HEADWATER
  NUMBER
                                                            (ACRES)
              19.82 13.35 3.525 0.22( 0.22) 1.00 6.7
19.56 18.71 2.905 0.22( 0.22) 1.00 8.1
                                                                           50.00
      1
                                                                           53.00
 NEW PEAK FLOW DATA ARE:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 19.82 Tc(MIN.) = 13.35 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.00 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.65
______
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.1 TC(MIN.) = 13.35
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 6.65 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.22
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 1.000
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                               19.82
  ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
  STREAM Q Tc Intensity Fp(Fm) Ap Ae HEADWATER NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR) (ACRES) NODE

    19.82
    13.35
    3.525
    0.22( 0.22)
    1.00
    6.7

    19.56
    18.71
    2.905
    0.22( 0.22)
    1.00
    8.1

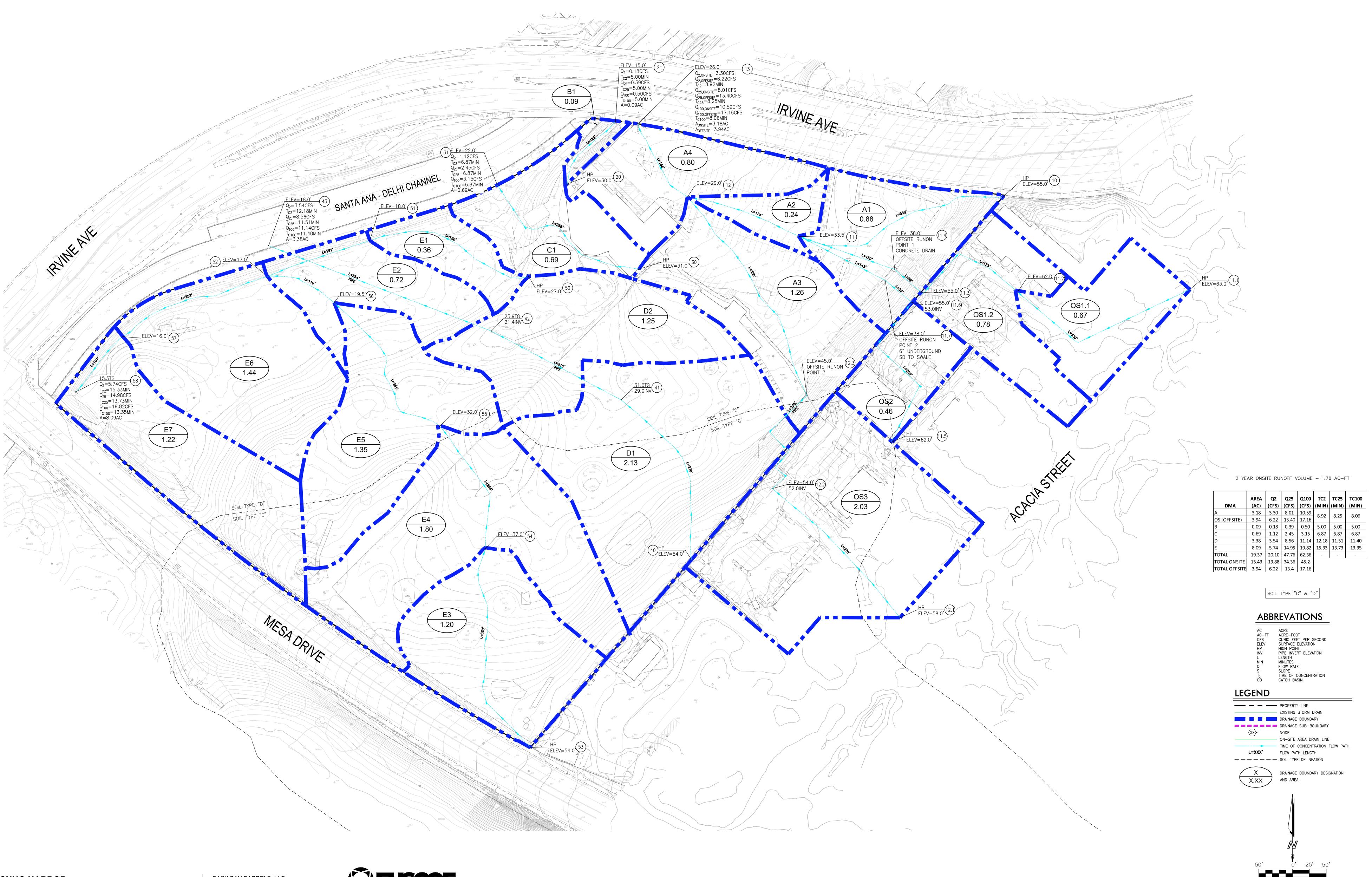
      1
                                                                8.1
______
------
```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

♠

Appendix 5 Existing Condition Hydrology Map

EXISTING CONDITION HYDROLOGY



Appendix 6

Proposed Condition Hydrology Calculations

```
************************
         RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
         (Reference: 1986 ORANGE COUNTY HYDROLOGY CRITERION)
      (c) Copyright 1983-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
         Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1355
                    Analysis prepared by:
Note: Area E1 consists of the proposed lagoons (5.5 acres), and will be
self-contained, draining to sanitary sewer system. Therefore the total
on-site area to be discharged is 9.9 acres (15.4 - 5.5)
* Snug Harbor Surf Park
* Proposed Condition Hydrology
* 2-year storm event
 FILE NAME: PRSH2.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:16 11/05/2024
______
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
______
               --*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) =
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 4.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
 *DATA BANK RAINFALL USED*
 *ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) I ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD*
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
   HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
   WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
        (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
                              (FT)
                                     (FT) (FT) (FT)
   (FT)
0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67
                                     2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
    30.0
           20.0
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
```

- - as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) (Top-of-Curb)
- 2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
- *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
- OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
- *USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED

*************************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 21 ______ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<< ______ INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00 55.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = **ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =** 55.00 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 11.329 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.416 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I): DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA Fp SCS Tc

```
GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
    LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    C
                           0.14
                                 0.25
                                         0.100
                                                   11.33
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
                                                  A-1
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.18
                  0.14 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 46.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 44.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 124.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 6.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.3 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.49
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.18
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.83 Tc(MIN.) = 12.16
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                    12.00 =
                                             454.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 81
.....
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>< A-2
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.16
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.359
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                          AREA
                                               SCS
    LAND USE
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 COMMERCIAL
                    C
                           0.28
                                0.25
                                         0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.28 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.34

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.42 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    0.4
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 44.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 37.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 212.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 6.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.1 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.00
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.50
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.71 Tc(MIN.) = 12.87
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                    13.00 =
                                             666.00 FEET.
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>< A-3
MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.87
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.316
```

```
SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                      Fp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      C
                              0.59
                                      0.25
                                             0.100
                                                           A-3
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.59 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.69 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.01 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02 AREA-AVERAGED AP = 0.10
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.0
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 14.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 37.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 28.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 167.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 6.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.17
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00
                                   NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.17
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.39 Tc(MIN.) = 13.25
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                        14.00 =
                                                  833.00 FEET.
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 14.00 TO NODE 14.00 IS CODE = 81
............
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
-----
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 13.25
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.294
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                    Fp
                                                    SCS
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     C
                              0.66
                                   0.25
                                             0.100
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                              0.02
                                      0.20
                                              0.100
                                                     57
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.68 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.78 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.69 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.7
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 14.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 28.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 267.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.5 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.47
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                   NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                  1.93
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.00 Tc(MIN.) =
                                        14.25
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                        15.00 =
                                                1100.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE
                                    15.00 IS CODE = 81
```

```
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
------
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 14.25
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.241
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
                  SCS SOIL
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                            AREA
                                                  SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     C
                             0.02
                                    0.25
                                           0.100
                             0.06
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                                     0.20
                                            0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.08 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.09 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.77 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                   1.8
                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 14.25
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.77
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                1.94
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 16.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 262.00
                             40.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                     35.50
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.356
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.972
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                   SCS SOIL AREA
                                    Fp
                                                  SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                             0.30
                                    0.20
                                           0.100
                                                  57
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.53
                    0.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                               0.53
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.36
 * 2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.972
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
```

```
SCS SOIL AREA
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                    Fp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
                                    0.20
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                              0.14
                                             0.100
                                                     57
                      C
                              0.14
                                      0.25
 COMMERCIAL
                                              0.100
                                                     50
                                                           A-7
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.28 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.49 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.58 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                   0.6
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 81
______
                                                      A-8
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.36
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.972
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                     Fp
     LAND USE
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.20
                                    0.20
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.35
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.78 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>> A-9
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.36
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.972
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                     Fp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.26
                                    0.20
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.26 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.46 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.04 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.0
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 31.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 169.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.91
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                                   NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.83
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.41 Tc(MIN.) =
                                         6.76
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 16.00 TO NODE
                                         15.00 =
                                                  431.00 FEET.
```

```
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                    >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.76
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                         1.90
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.04
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                               HEADWATER
  STREAM
       Q
                                     Aр
                                          Ae
  NUMBER
          (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                                          (ACRES)
                                          1.8
           1.94 14.25 1.241 0.25( 0.02) 0.10
    1
                                                    10.00
                       1.903 0.21( 0.02) 0.10
               6.76
    2
           1.83
                                            1.0
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
                Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
          Q
                                          Ae
                                               HEADWATER
          (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                                          (ACRES)
  NUMBER
                                                NODE
                       1.903 0.23( 0.02) 0.10
                                          1.9
    1
           3.25
                6.76
                                                    16.00
                       1.241 0.23( 0.02) 0.10
    2
           3.12 14.25
                                             2.8
                                                    10.00
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.25 Tc(MIN.) = 6.76
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.88 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.8
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                       10.00 TO NODE
                                      15.00 = 1100.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE 18.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 82.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.5 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 14.80
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
               3.25
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.09 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.86
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                      18.00 = 1182.00 FEET.
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 18.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.10
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 80.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
```

```
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.88
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
               3.25
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.34 Tc(MIN.) =
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                      19.00 =
                                            1262.00 FEET.
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 19.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.20
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.81
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                3.25
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 21.00 IS CODE = 21
.....
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
                            40.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.783
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.900
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
                 SCS SOIL AREA
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                  Fp
                                          Ap SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    D
                            1.60
                                 0.20
                                          0.100
                                                 57
                                                     6.78
                                                50
 COMMERCIAL
                     C
                            0.20
                                    0.25
                                           0.100
                                                      6.78
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.05
                  1.80 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                              3.05
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 21.00 TO NODE 22.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 17.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.30
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 56.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 12.28
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                 3.05
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.86
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE
                                      22.00 =
                                               386.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 22.00 TO NODE 22.00 IS CODE = 81
```

```
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.86
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.888
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
                   SCS SOIL
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                            AREA
                                     Fp
                                                   SCS
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 NATURAL FAIR COVER
 "GRASS"
                             0.06
                                     0.20
                                            1.000
                                                    69
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.06 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.09 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.86 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.03
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.13
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     1.9
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                      22.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<><
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 41.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.5 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.81
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES =
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                3.12
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.18
                            Tc(MIN.) =
                                        7.04
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                        20.00 TO NODE
                                        19.00 =
                                                 427.00 FEET.
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 19.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
                                              A-12
MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 7.04
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.860
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
                   SCS SOIL
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                            AREA
                                     Fp
                                                   SCS
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 NATURAL FAIR COVER
 "GRASS"
                             0.37
                                     0.20
                                            1.000
                                                    69
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.37
                         SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.23 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.06
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.27
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      2.2
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                      19.00 TO NODE
                                    19.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.04
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                          1.86
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.06
```

```
AREA-AVERAGED fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.27
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
                             2.23
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                     3.62
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                   Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
             Q
                                                 Ae
                                                       HEADWATER
                 (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  NUMBER
            (CFS)
                                                (ACRES)
                                                         NODE
                          1.836 0.23(0.02)0.10
    1
            3.25
                   7.20
                                                 1.9
                                                            16.00
                          1.219 0.23(0.02)0.10
     1
            3.12
                  14.69
                                                    2.8
                                                            10.00
                          1.860 0.20(0.06)0.27
     2
            3.62
                   7.04
                                                    2.2
                                                            20.00
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
            Q
                   Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
                                                 Ae
                                                       HEADWATER
                 (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  NUMBER
                                                (ACRES)
            (CFS)
                                                         NODE
                          1.860 0.21(0.04)0.20
    1
            6.84
                   7.04
                                                  4.1
                                                            20.00
                          1.836 0.21(0.04)0.19
     2
            6.82
                   7.20
                                                    4.1
                                                            16.00
                          1.219 0.21(0.04)0.18
     3
            5.46
                  14.69
                                                    5.0
                                                            10.00
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
                                                                    Area A
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 6.84 Tc(MIN.) = 7.04
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 4.07 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.04
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.20
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.0
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                            10.00 TO NODE
                                           19.00 =
                                                     1262.00 FEET.
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 19.00 TO NODE 23.00 IS CODE = 31
 ______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<><
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 26.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.24
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                                     NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 6.84
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.10
                             Tc(MIN.) =
                                           7.14
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                           10.00 TO NODE
                                           23.00 =
                                                     1288.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                        31.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                39.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                           38.90
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 9.862
     2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.533
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                      SCS SOIL AREA
                                        Fp
                                                       SCS
     LAND USE
                       GROUP
                              (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 COMMERCIAL
                        C
                                0.11
                                         0.25
                                                0.100
                                                        50
                                                             9.86
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
```

```
B-1
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.15
                   0.11 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                           0.15
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 31.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 36.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 34.90
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 303.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 6.0 INCH PIPE IS 2.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.79
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
              0.15
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.82 Tc(MIN.) = 12.68
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                   32.00 =
                                             633.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 32.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>>
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.68
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.327
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                          AREA
                                 Fр
                  GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                   C
                          0.22
                                0.25
                                        0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.22 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.26 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.33 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.03
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                 0.3
                          PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 32.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 34.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 34.20
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 133.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.34
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.39
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.95 Tc(MIN.) = 13.63
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                    33.00 =
                                             766.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 81
------
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>>
MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 13.63
   2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.273
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                Fp
                                         Aр
                  GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
```

```
COMMERCIAL
                       C
                              0.14
                                      0.25
                                              0.100
                                                     50
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                              0.30
                                      0.20
                                              0.100
                                                     57
                                                           B-3
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.44 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.50 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.77 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  0.8
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 13.63
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.273
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                     GROUP
                            (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      C
                              0.08
                                      0.25
                                              0.100
                                                     50
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.16
                                      0.20
                                              0.100
                                                     57
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.24 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.27 
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.01 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02 
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.0
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 34.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<><
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 34.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 237.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.02
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                   NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.14
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.31 Tc(MIN.) = 14.94
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                         30.00 TO NODE
                                        34.00 = 1003.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 34.00 TO NODE 34.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 14.94
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.208
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
                    SCS SOIL
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                             AREA
                                     Fp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.23
                                      0.20
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.23 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.25 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.24 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.2
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                      1.32
                                                               Area B
*******************************
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 34.00 TO NODE 35.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
-----
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 33.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 18.40
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 335.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.0 INCHES
                                                                Area B
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.02
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.32
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.80 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      15.73
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                       35.00 =
                                               1338.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 55.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 5.268
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.197
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                    Fp
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                            0.63
                                  0.20
                                           0.100
                                                 57
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.23
                   0.63 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>>
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 5.27
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.197
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                            AREA
                                    Fp
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                            0.87
                                  0.20
                                           0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.87 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.70 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.50 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.5
                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 51
 ..........
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 32.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 27.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 247.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0202
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 20.000
```

```
C-3
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.960
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                           AREA
                                  Fp
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                            1.65
                                  0.20
                                          0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.56
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.16
 Tc(MIN.) = 6.43
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.15 AREA-AVERAGED EM/TAICH
                            AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  3.2
                                                   5.50
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.73
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 52.00 =
                                              577.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
------
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 23.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 21.80
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 121.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.1 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.63
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.50
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.36 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.78
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                              698.00 FEET.
                                      53.00 =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 54.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 21.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 20.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 102.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.12
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.50
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.24 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      7.02
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                     54.00 =
                                              800.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 54.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 7.02
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 1.863
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                           AREA
                                   Fp
                  GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    D
                           0.29
                                  0.20
                                          0.100
```

```
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
                                                       C-4
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.29 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.48 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.44 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                     3.4 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 55.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 20.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 16.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 36.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
                                                              Area C
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 13.37
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.70
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.04 Tc(MIN.) =
                                       7.07
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                       55.00 =
                                                836.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 55.00 IS CODE = 31
.....
 >>>>COMPUTE PIRE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 20.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 16.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 45.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 12.29
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) 5.70
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) =
                                       7.13
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                      55.00 =
                                                881.00 FEET.
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 60.00 TO NODE 61.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 145.00
                            31.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                    15.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 5.461
    2 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.152
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC I ):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                SCS SOIL AREA
                                   Fp
                                                 SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 PUBLIC PARK
                      D
                             0.19
                                    0.20
                                           0.850
                                                 57
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.850
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.34
                   0.19 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
______
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
                       0.2 TC(MIN.) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                            Area D
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.19 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.17
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.850
```

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.34 Area D

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

.

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE (Reference: 1986 ORANGE COUNTY HYDROLOGY CRITERION)

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Analysis prepared by:

Note: Area E1 consists of the proposed lagoons (5.53 acres), and will be self-contained, draining to sanitary sewer system. Therefore the total on-site area to be discharged is 9.90 acres (15.43 - 5.53)

```
* Snug Harbor Surf Park
* Proposed Condition Hydrology
* 25-year storm event
 *****************************
 FILE NAME: PRSH25.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:56 11/05/2024
______
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
______
               --*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) =
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 4.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
 *DATA BANK RAINFALL USED*
 *ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) II ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD*
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
   HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
   WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
                 SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
                                     (FT) (FT) (FT)
NO.
    (FT)
         (FT)
                              (FT)
0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67
                                      2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
    30.0
           20.0
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
     as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
 *USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 21
 ______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
                             55.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                   55.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 11.329
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.036
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                  SCS SOIL AREA
                                   Fp
                                                SCS
                                                     Tc
```

```
GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
    LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    C
                           0.14
                                 0.25
                                         0.100
                                                   11.33
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
                                                    A-1
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.38
                   0.14 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                            0.38
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 46.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 44.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 124.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 6.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.99
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.38
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.69 Tc(MIN.) = 12.02
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                    12.00 =
                                             454.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 81
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.02
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.936
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                          AREA
    LAND USE
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 COMMERCIAL
                    C
                           0.28
                                0.25
                                         0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.28 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.73

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.42 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    0.4
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 44.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 37.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 212.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.12
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.10
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.58 Tc(MIN.) = 12.60
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                    13.00 =
                                             666.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>> A-3
MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.60
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.859
```

A-3

```
SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                     Fp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      C
                              0.59
                                      0.25
                                            0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.59 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.01 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     1.0
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 14.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 37.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 167.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.95
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.58
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.31 Tc(MIN.) = 12.91
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                        14.00 =
                                                 833.00 FEET.
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 14.00 TO NODE 14.00 IS CODE = 81
......
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
-----
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.91
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.820
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                    Fp
                                                   SCS
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     C
                              0.66
                                   0.25
                                            0.100
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.02
                                      0.20
                                             0.100
                                                    75
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.68 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.71 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.69 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.7
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 14.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 28.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 267.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.42
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                  4.25
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.82 Tc(MIN.) =
                                       13.73
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                        15.00 =
                                                 1100.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE
                                   15.00 IS CODE = 81
```

```
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
------
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 13.73
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.723
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
                  SCS SOIL
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                            AREA
                                   Fр
                                                  SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     C
                             0.02
                                    0.25
                                           0.100
                             0.06
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                                     0.20
                                           0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.08 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.19 
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.77 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     1.8
                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 13.73
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.77
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                 4.30
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 16.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 262.00
                             40.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                     35.50
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.356
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.211
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                   SCS SOIL AREA
                                    Fp
                                                  SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                             0.30
                                    0.20
                                           0.100
                                                  75
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.13
                    0.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>< A-7
MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.36
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.211
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
```

```
A-7
                   SCS SOIL AREA
                                                    SCS
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                    Fp
                                              Αp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
                              0.14
                                    0.20
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                                              0.100
                                                     75
                      C
                              0.14
                                       0.25
 COMMERCIAL
                                              0.100
                                                     69
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.28 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.06
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.58 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                    0.6
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>> A-8
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.36
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.211
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                      Fp
     LAND USE
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.20
                                    0.20
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.75
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.78 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>> A-9
_____
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.36
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.211
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                    SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                      Fp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.26
                                    0.20
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.26 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.98 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.04 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                   1.0
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 31.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 169.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.36
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                   NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.92
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.34 Tc(MIN.) =
                                         6.69
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 16.00 TO NODE
                                         15.00 =
                                                   431.00 FEET.
```

```
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                    >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.69
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.09
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.04
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                               HEADWATER
  STREAM
       Q
                                      Aр
                                           Ae
  NUMBER
          (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                                          (ACRES)
                       2.723 0.25( 0.02) 0.10
                                          1.8
    1
           4.30 13.73
                                                    10.00
                       4.090 0.21(0.02)0.10
               6.69
           3.92
                                            1.0
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
                Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
          Q
                                           Ae
                                               HEADWATER
          (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                                          (ACRES)
  NUMBER
                                                NODE
                     4.090 0.23(0.02)0.10
                                          1.9
    1
           7.08
                6.69
                                                    16.00
                       2.723 0.23(0.02)0.10
    2
           6.90 13.73
                                              2.8
                                                    10.00
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.08 Tc(MIN.) = 6.69
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.90 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.8
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                       10.00 TO NODE
                                      15.00 = 1100.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE 18.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 82.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 17.99
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
              7.08
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.77
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                      18.00 =
                                             1182.00 FEET.
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 18.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.10
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 80.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
```

```
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 12.5 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.73
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                7.08
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.28 Tc(MIN.) =
                                       7.05
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                       19.00 =
                                              1262.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 19.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.05
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.97
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.81
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                 7.08
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 21.00 IS CODE = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
                             40.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.783
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.059
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
                  SCS SOIL AREA
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                    Fp
                                                  SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                             1.60
                                  0.20
                                           0.100
                                                   75
                                                       6.78
 COMMERCIAL
                     C
                             0.20
                                     0.25
                                            0.100
                                                   69
                                                        6.78
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.54
                   1.80 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                               6.54
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 21.00 TO NODE 22.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 17.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.30
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 56.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 14.86
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                  6.54
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) =
                                       6.85
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE
                                       22.00 =
                                                386.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 22.00 TO NODE 22.00 IS CODE = 81
```

```
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.85
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.038
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
                  SCS SOIL
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                            AREA
                                    Fp
                                                   SCS
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 NATURAL FAIR COVER
 "GRASS"
                             0.06
                                     0.20
                                            1.000
                                                    84
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.06 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.21 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.86 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.03
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.13
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     1.9
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                     22.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<><
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 41.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.49
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                6.72
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.15
                            Tc(MIN.) =
                                        7.00
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                        20.00 TO NODE
                                        19.00 =
                                                 427.00 FEET.
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 19.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
                                             A-12
MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 7.00
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.988
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
                   SCS SOIL
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                            AREA
                                     Fp
                                                   SCS
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 NATURAL FAIR COVER
                             0.37
 "GRASS"
                                     0.20
                                            1.000
                                                    84
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
                         SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.37
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.23 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.06
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.27
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      2.2
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                      19.00 TO NODE
                                    19.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.00
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                          3.99
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.06
```

```
AREA-AVERAGED fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.27
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
                             2.23
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                     7.89
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                   Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
             Q
                                                 Ae
                                                       HEADWATER
                 (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  NUMBER
            (CFS)
                                                (ACRES)
                                                         NODE
                          3.971 0.23( 0.02) 0.10
    1
            7.08
                   7.05
                                                 1.9
                                                            16.00
                          2.683 0.23(0.02)0.10
     1
            6.90
                  14.10
                                                    2.8
                                                            10.00
                          3.988 0.20(0.06)0.27
     2
            7.89
                   7.00
                                                    2.2
                                                            20.00
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
                   Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
            Q
                                                 Ae
                                                       HEADWATER
                 (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  NUMBER
                                                (ACRES)
            (CFS)
                                                         NODE
                          3.988 0.21(0.04)0.19
    1
           14.95
                   7.00
                                                  4.1
                                                            20.00
                          3.971 0.21(0.04)0.19
           14.94
     2
                   7.05
                                                    4.1
                                                            16.00
                          2.683 0.21(0.04)0.18
           12.18
                  14.10
                                                    5.0
                                                            10.00
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.95 Tc(MIN.) = 7.00
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 4.12 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.04
                                                                     Area A
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.19
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                        5.0
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                            10.00 TO NODE
                                           19.00 =
                                                     1262.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 19.00 TO NODE 23.00 IS CODE = 31
 ______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<><
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 26.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 27.0 INCH PIPE IS 18.6 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.11
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 27.00
                                     NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 14.95
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) =
                                           7.08
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                          10.00 TO NODE
                                           23.00 =
                                                    1288.00 FEET.
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                       31.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                39.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                           38.90
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 9.862
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.284
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                      SCS SOIL AREA
                                        Fp
                                                       SCS
     LAND USE
                       GROUP
                              (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 COMMERCIAL
                        C
                                0.11
                                         0.25
                                                0.100
                                                        69
                                                             9.86
```

SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25

```
B-1
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.32
                   0.11 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                            0.32
**********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 31.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 36.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 34.90
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 303.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 6.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.3 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.15
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
              0.32
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.35 Tc(MIN.) = 12.22
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                    32.00 =
                                             633.00 FEET.
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 32.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>>
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.22
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.909
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                          AREA
                                 Fp
                  GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    C
                          0.22
                                0.25
                                        0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.22 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.57
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.33 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.03
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                 0.3
                          PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 32.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 34.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 34.20
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 133.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 5.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.82
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.86
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.79 Tc(MIN.) = 13.00
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                    33.00 =
                                             766.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 81
------
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
-----
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 13.00
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.808
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                Fp
                                         Aр
                  GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
```

```
0.14
 COMMERCIAL
                      C
                                      0.25
                                             0.100
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.30
                                      0.20
                                             0.100
                                                    75
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.44 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.10 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.77 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      0.8
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 13.00
   25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.808
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                     GROUP
                           (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      C
                              0.08
                                      0.25
                                             0.100
                                                    69
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.16
                                      0.20
                                             0.100
                                                    75
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.24 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.01 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.0
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 34.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<><
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 34.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 237.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.69
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.53
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.07 Tc(MIN.) = 14.07
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                       34.00 =
                                               1003.00 FEET.
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 34.00 TO NODE 34.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 14.07
   25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 2.685
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
                    SCS SOIL
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                             AREA
                                     Fp
                     GROUP
                           (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.23
                                      0.20
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.23 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.55
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.24 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.2 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                     2.97
                                                             Area B
*******************************
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 34.00 TO NODE 35.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
                                                              Area B
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 33.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 18.40
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 335.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.40
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.97
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.66 Tc(MIN.) = 14.74
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                      35.00 =
                                               1338.00 FEET.
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 55.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 5.268
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.683
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                   Fр
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                            0.63
                                  0.20
                                           0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.64
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  0.63 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 5.27
   25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.683
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                           AREA
                                   Fp
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                            0.87
                                  0.20
                                           0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.87 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.65 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.50 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                 1.5
                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 51
 ......
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 32.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 27.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 247.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0202
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 20.000
```

```
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
                                                     C-3
   25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.256
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                           AREA
                                   Fр
     LAND USE
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                            1.65
                                   0.20
                                          0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.25
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.97
 Tc(MIN.) = 6.24
                    1.65
                            SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.29
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.15
                             AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    3.2
                                                   12.01
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.32 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.53
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                     52.00 =
                                               577.00 FEET.
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 23.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 21.80
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 121.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.92
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 12.01
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.29 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.53
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                      53.00 =
                                               698.00 FEET.
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 54.00 IS CODE = 31
.....
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 21.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 20.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 102.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.48
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 12.01
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.20 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.73
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                      54.00 =
                                               800.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 54.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.73
   25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.077
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                           AREA
                                   Fp
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                            0.29
                                    0.20
                                          0.100
```

```
C-4
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.29 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.06

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.44 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                     3.4 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 55.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 20.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 16.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 36.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.0 INCHES
                                                            Area C
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 16.24
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES =
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 12.56
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.04 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.77
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                      55.00 =
                                              836.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 55.00 IS CODE = 31
.....
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 20.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 16.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 45.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 14.87
 ESTIMATED PIPE DYAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 12.56
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.05 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.82
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                     55.00 =
                                               881.00 FEET.
*****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 60.00 TO NODE 61.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 145.00
                            31.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 5.461
 * 25 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.589
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC II):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                 SCS SOIL AREA
                                   Fp
                                                SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 PUBLIC PARK
                     D
                            0.19
                                    0.20
                                          0.850
                                                 75
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.850
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.76
                   0.19 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                              0.76
______
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
                     0.2 TC(MIN.) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                                         Area D
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.19 AREA-AVERAGED FM(INCH/HR)= 0.17
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.850
```

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.76 Area D

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

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************************
          RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE
         (Reference: 1986 ORANGE COUNTY HYDROLOGY CRITERION)
       (c) Copyright 1983-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)
          Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1355
                    Analysis prepared by:
Note: Area E1 consists of the proposed lagoons (5.53 acres), and will
be self-contained, draining to sanitary sewer system. Therefore the
total on-site area to be discharged is 9.90 acres (15.43 - 5.53)
 * Snug Harbor Surf Park
* Proposed Condition Hydrology
* 100-storm event
 ********************************
 FILE NAME: PRSH100.DAT
 TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:35 11/05/2024
______
 USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:
______
               --*TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION MODEL*--
 USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00
 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 4.00
 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90
 *DATA BANK RAINFALL USED*
 *ANTECEDENT MOISTURE CONDITION (AMC) III ASSUMED FOR RATIONAL METHOD*
 *USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL*
    HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING
    WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR
         (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY
                               (FT)
                                      (FT) (FT) (FT)
    (FT)
0.018/0.018/0.020 0.67
                                      2.00 0.0313 0.167 0.0150
    30.0
           20.0
 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:
   1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET
     as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
   2. (Depth)*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT*FT/S)
 *SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN
  OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.*
  *USER-SPECIFIED MINIMUM TOPOGRAPHIC SLOPE ADJUSTMENT NOT SELECTED
***************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 21
 ______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
                             55.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                    55.00
```

Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 11.329 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.872

SCS SOIL AREA

SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):

DEVELOPMENT TYPE/

SCS

Tc

Fp

```
GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
    LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    C
                           0.14
                                 0.25
                                         0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.48
                                                    A-1
                  0.14 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                            0.48
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 46.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 44.70
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 124.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 6.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.15
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.48
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.66 Tc(MIN.) = 11.99
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                    12.00 =
                                              454.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 81
.....
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 11.99
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.749
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                          AREA
    LAND USE
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
 COMMERCIAL
                    C
                           0.28
                                0.25
                                         0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.28 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.94

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.42 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                    0.4
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
*****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 44.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 37.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 212.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.4 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.49
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.41
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.54 Tc(MIN.) = 12.53
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                    13.00 =
                                              666.00 FEET.
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>> A-3
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.53
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.655
```

```
SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                     Fp
                                                           A-3
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      C
                              0.59
                                      0.25
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.59 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.01 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     1.0
*****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 14.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 37.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 167.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.35
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.30
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.30 Tc(MIN.) = 12.83
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                        14.00 =
                                                  833.00 FEET.
*****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 14.00 TO NODE 14.00 IS CODE = 81
_____
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
-----
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.83
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.606
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                    Fp
                                                   SCS
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     C
                              0.66
                                   0.25
                                             0.100
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.02
                                      0.20
                                             0.100
                                                    91
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.68 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 2.19 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.69 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.7
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 14.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 28.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 267.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.67
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                  5.45
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.78 Tc(MIN.) =
                                       13.61
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                        15.00 =
                                                1100.00 FEET.
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE
                                   15.00 IS CODE = 81
```

```
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
------
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 13.61
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.486
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                 SCS SOIL
                           AREA
                                  Fp
                                                 SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     C
                            0.02
                                 0.25
                                          0.100
                            0.06
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                                    0.20
                                           0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.08 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.25
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.77 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  1.8
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 13.61
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.77
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                               5.51
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 16.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 21
______
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 262.00
                            40.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                   35.50
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.356
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.392
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                  SCS SOIL AREA
                                   Fp
                                                SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                            0.30
                                  0.20
                                          0.100
                                                 91
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.45
                    0.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 81
A-7
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
_____
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.36
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.392
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
```

```
SCS SOIL AREA
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                    Fp
                                                            A-7
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
                              0.14
                                   0.20
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                                             0.100
                                                     91
                      C
                              0.14
                                      0.25
 COMMERCIAL
                                              0.100
                                                     86
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.28 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.35 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.58 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                    0.6
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
*****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.36
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.392
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.20
                                    0.20
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.97
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.78 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.8
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 17.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.36
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.392
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                     Fp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.26
                                    0.20
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.26 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.26 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.04 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                   1.0
                              PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 17.00 TO NODE 15.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 31.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 169.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.79
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                   NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.03
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.32 Tc(MIN.) =
                                         6.68
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 16.00 TO NODE
                                         15.00 =
                                                  431.00 FEET.
```

```
*****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                    >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.68
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.24
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.04
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
                Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                               HEADWATER
  STREAM
       Q
                                     Aр
                                          Ae
  NUMBER
          (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                                          (ACRES)
                                          1.8
    1
           5.51 13.61
                       3.486 0.25(0.02)0.10
                                                    10.00
                       5.242 0.21( 0.02) 0.10
               6.68
    2
           5.03
                                            1.0
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
                Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
          Q
                                           Ae
                                               HEADWATER
          (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
                                          (ACRES)
  NUMBER
                                                NODE
                       5.242 0.23( 0.02) 0.10
                                          1.9
    1
           9.10
                6.68
                                                    16.00
                       3.486 0.23( 0.02) 0.10
           8.85 13.61
    2
                                             2.8
                                                    10.00
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 9.10 Tc(MIN.) = 6.68
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.91 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.8
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                       10.00 TO NODE
                                      15.00 = 1100.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 15.00 TO NODE 18.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 25.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.50
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 82.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 19.10
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
              9.10
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.75
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                      18.00 =
                                            1182.00 FEET.
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 18.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.10
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 80.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
```

```
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.0 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.97
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
               9.10
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.27 Tc(MIN.) =
                                     7.02
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE
                                     19.00 =
                                            1262.00 FEET.
********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 19.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 1
______
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
______
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 7.02
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.10
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.81
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                               9.10
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 21.00 IS CODE = 21
.....
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
                           40.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 6.783
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.195
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
                 SCS SOIL AREA
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                                  Fp
                                         Ap SCS
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
    LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    D
                           1.60
                                 0.20
                                         0.100
                                                91
                                                    6.78
                                               86
 COMMERCIAL
                    C
                            0.20
                                   0.25
                                          0.100
                                                     6.78
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.38
                  1.80 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                             8.38
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 21.00 TO NODE 22.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 17.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.30
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 56.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 15.69
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
                 8.38
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) =
                                     6.84
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE
                                     22.00 =
                                              386.00 FEET.
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 22.00 TO NODE 22.00 IS CODE = 81
```

```
>>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.84
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.169
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                  SCS SOIL
                            AREA
                                    Fp
                                                  SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 NATURAL FAIR COVER
 "GRASS"
                             0.06
                                     0.20
                                           1.000
                                                   96
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.06 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.27 
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.86 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.03
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.13
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     1.9
                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                     22.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<><
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 41.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 14.5 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.87
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
               8.61
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.14 Tc(MIN.) =
                                       6.98
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                        20.00 TO NODE
                                       19.00 =
                                                427.00 FEET.
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 19.00 TO NODE 19.00 IS CODE = 81
______
                                                 A-12
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
------
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.98
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.110
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                   SCS SOIL
                            AREA
                                    Fp
                                                  SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 NATURAL FAIR COVER
                             0.37
 "GRASS"
                                     0.20
                                            1.000
                                                   96
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 1.000
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.37 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 2.23 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.06
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.27
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     2.2
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 19.00 TO NODE
                                    19.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<
_____
 TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
 TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.98
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =
                          5.11
 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.06
```

```
AREA-AVERAGED fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.27
 EFFECTIVE STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =
                             2.23
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =
                                    10.14
 ** CONFLUENCE DATA **
  STREAM
             Q
                   Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
                                                 Ae
                                                       HEADWATER
                 (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  NUMBER
            (CFS)
                                                (ACRES)
                                                         NODE
                          5.095 0.23(0.02)0.10
    1
            9.10
                   7.02
                                                  1.9
                                                            16.00
                          3.436 0.23(0.02)0.10
     1
            8.85
                  13.95
                                                    2.8
                                                            10.00
                          5.110 0.20(0.06)0.27
     2
           10.14
                   6.98
                                                    2.2
                                                            20.00
 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.
 ** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
            Q
                   Tc Intensity Fp(Fm)
  STREAM
                                                 Ae
                                                       HEADWATER
                (MIN.) (INCH/HR) (INCH/HR)
  NUMBER
                                                (ACRES)
            (CFS)
                                                         NODE
                          5.110 0.21(0.04)0.19
    1
           19.23
                   6.98
                                                  4.1
                                                            20.00
                          5.095 0.21(0.04)0.19
     2
           19.22
                   7.02
                                                    4.1
                                                            16.00
                          3.436 0.21(0.04)0.18
     3
           15.64
                  13.95
                                                    5.0
                                                            10.00
 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 19.23 Tc(MIN.) = 6.98
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 4.13 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.04
                                                                       Area A
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.21 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.19
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                        5.0
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                            10.00 TO NODE
                                           19.00 =
                                                     1262.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 19.00 TO NODE 23.00 IS CODE = 31
 ______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 11.10 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 11.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 26.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 30.0 INCH PIPE IS 20.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.46
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 30.00
                                     NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 19.23
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.08 Tc(MIN.) =
                                           7.06
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                          10.00 TO NODE
                                           23.00 =
                                                     1288.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
                        30.00 TO NODE
                                        31.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 21
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                39.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                           38.90
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 9.862
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.192
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                      SCS SOIL AREA
                                        Fp
                                                       SCS
     LAND USE
                       GROUP
                              (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
 COMMERCIAL
                        C
                                0.11
                                         0.25
                                                0.100
                                                        86
                                                             9.86
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
```

```
SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
                                                   B-1
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.41
                   0.11 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                            0.41
*********************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 31.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 36.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 34.90
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 303.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.8 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.32
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =
              0.41
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.17 Tc(MIN.) = 12.03
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                      30.00 TO NODE
                                    32.00 =
                                             633.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 32.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>>
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.03
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.740
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                          AREA
                                  Fр
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    C
                           0.22
                                0.25
                                         0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.22 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.74
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.33 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.03
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.25 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                   0.3
                           PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 32.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 31
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 34.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 34.20
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 133.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 9.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.1 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.94
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 9.00
                               NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.10
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.75 Tc(MIN.) = 12.79
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                    33.00 =
                                             766.00 FEET.
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 81
-----
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.79
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.612
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                Fp
                                         Aр
                  GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
```

```
0.14
 COMMERCIAL
                       C
                                      0.25
                                             0.100
                                                          B-3
 COMMERCIAL
                       D
                              0.30
                                      0.20
                                             0.100
                                                     91
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.44 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.42 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 0.77 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.23 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                   0.8
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 12.79
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.612
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                     GROUP
                            (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      C
                              0.08
                                      0.25
                                             0.100
                                                     86
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.16
                                      0.20
                                             0.100
                                                     91
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.24 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.78 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.01 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                      1.0
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 34.00 IS CODE = 31
______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<><
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 34.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 33.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 237.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 9.7 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.89
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                   NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.26
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.01 Tc(MIN.) = 13.80
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                        34.00 =
                                               1003.00 FEET.
*******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 34.00 TO NODE 34.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 13.80
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.458
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                    SCS SOIL
                             AREA
                                     Fp
                     GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                      D
                              0.23
                                      0.20
                                             0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.23 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.71 
EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.24 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.22 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.2 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                                      3.83
                                                            Area B
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 34.00 TO NODE 35.00 IS CODE = 31
 ______
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
 .______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 33.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 18.40
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 335.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
                                                         Area B
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.3 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.18
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 3.83
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.61 Tc(MIN.) = 14.41
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE
                                      35.00 =
                                              1338.00 FEET
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 21
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
_____
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 330.00
                           55.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 5.268
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.005
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL AREA
                                   Fp
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    D
                            0.63
                                  0.20
                                          0.100
                                                91
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 3.39
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  0.63 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                                             3.39
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 81
______
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<>>>>
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 5.27
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.005
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                           AREA
                                   Fр
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    D
                            0.87
                                  0.20
                                          0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.87 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.69 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 1.50 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                 1.5
********************************
                     51.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 51
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
 ......
 >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 32.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 27.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 247.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0202
 CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 2.00 "Z" FACTOR = 20.000
```

```
C-3
 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 10.00
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.486
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                           AREA
                                   Fp
                                                SCS
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
     LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                     D
                            1.65
                                  0.20
                                          0.100
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.58
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.32 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.90
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.15 AREA-AVERAGED EM/TMCH/(III)
 Tc(MIN.) = 6.17
                            AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                             PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                  3.2
                                                   15.50
 END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.35 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.83
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE 52.00 =
                                              577.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 31
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
------
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 23.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 21.80
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 121.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 24.0 INCH PIPE IS 15.2 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.42
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 24.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 15.50
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.27 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.44
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                               698.00 FEET.
                                      53.00 =
****************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 54.00 IS CODE = 31
.....
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 21.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 20.00
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 102.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.9 INCHES
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.17
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00
                                NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 15.50
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.19 Tc(MIN.) =
                                      6.62
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                      54.00 =
                                               800.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 54.00 IS CODE = 81
.....
 >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<
______
 MAINLINE Tc(MIN.) = 6.62
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.266
 SUBAREA LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
 DEVELOPMENT TYPE/ SCS SOIL
                           AREA
                                   Fp
                   GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN
    LAND USE
 COMMERCIAL
                    D
                            0.29
                                   0.20
                                          0.100
```

```
C-4
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.100
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.29 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.37

EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) = 3.44 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR) = 0.02

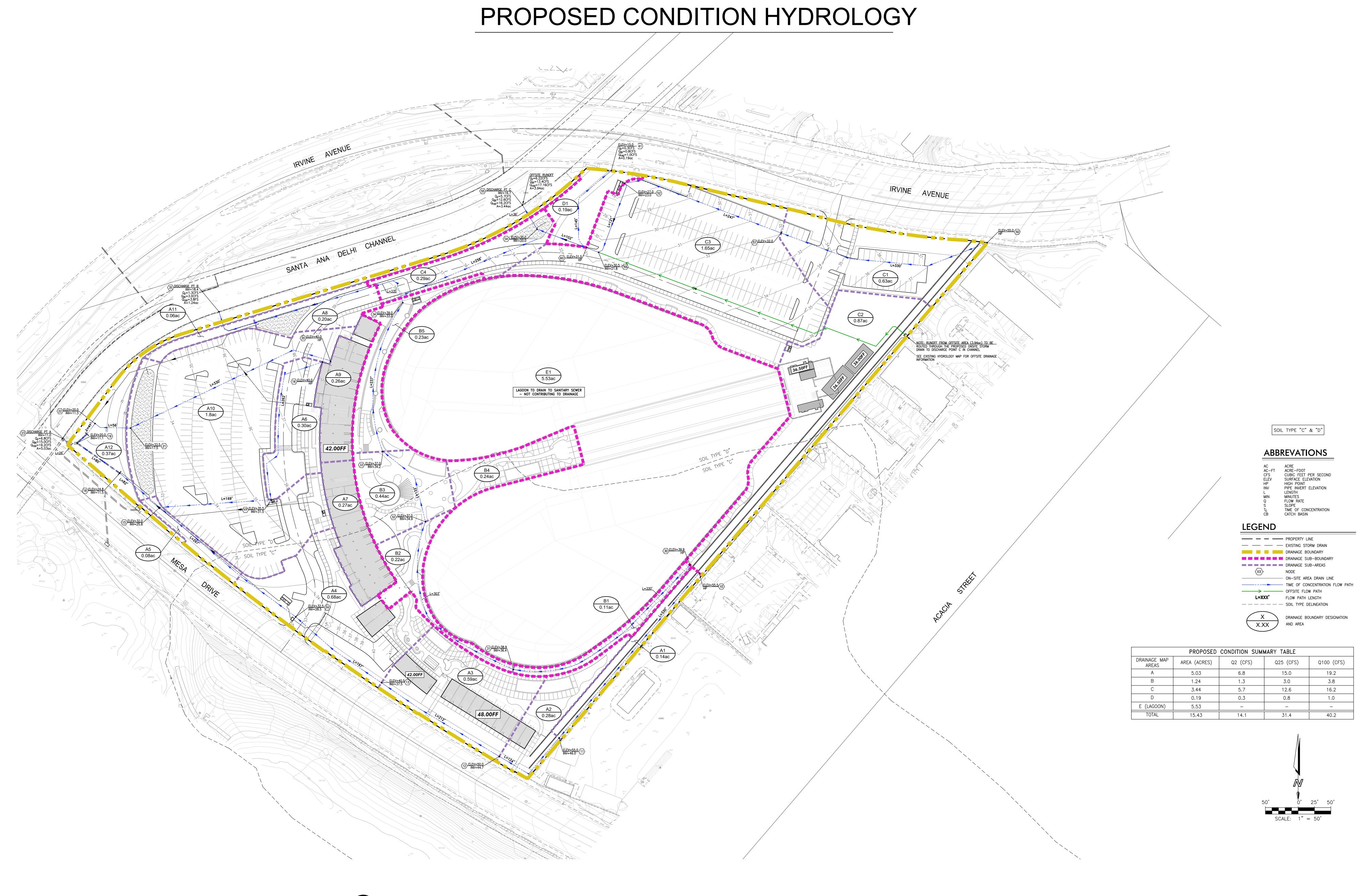
AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.10
                         PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                     3.4
******************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 54.00 TO NODE 55.00 IS CODE = 31
 ......
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<
.______
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 20.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 36.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 15.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.9 INCHES
                                                            Area C
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 17.04
 ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 15.00
                                 NUMBER OF PIPES =
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 16.24
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.04
                            Tc(MIN.) =
                                       6.66
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 50.00 TO NODE
                                      55.00 =
                                                836.00 FEET.
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 60.00 TO NODE 61.00 IS CODE = 21
.....
 >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<
 >>USE TIME-OF-CONCENTRATION NOMOGRAPH FOR INITIAL SUBAREA<<
______
 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 145.00
                            31.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =
                                                    15.00
 Tc = K*[(LENGTH** 3.00)/(ELEVATION CHANGE)]**0.20
 SUBAREA ANALYSIS USED MINIMUM Tc(MIN.) = 5.461
 * 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.882
 SUBAREA TC AND LOSS RATE DATA(AMC III):
  DEVELOPMENT TYPE/
                  SCS SOIL AREA
                                   Fp
                    GROUP (ACRES) (INCH/HR) (DECIMAL) CN (MIN.)
     LAND USE
 PUBLIC PARK
                      D
                             0.19
                                    0.20
                                           0.850
                                                  91
                                                       5.46
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS LOSS RATE, Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20
 SUBAREA AVERAGE PERVIOUS AREA FRACTION, Ap = 0.850
 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.98
                   0.19 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =
                                              0.98
______
 END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES)
                       0.2 TC(MIN.) =
                                                             Area D
 EFFECTIVE AREA(ACRES) =
                       0.19 AREA-AVERAGED Fm(INCH/HR)= 0.17
 AREA-AVERAGED Fp(INCH/HR) = 0.20 AREA-AVERAGED Ap = 0.850
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =
                       0.98
______
______
```

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

٨

Appendix 7

Proposed Condition Hydrology Map



Appendix 8 FEMA Map

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

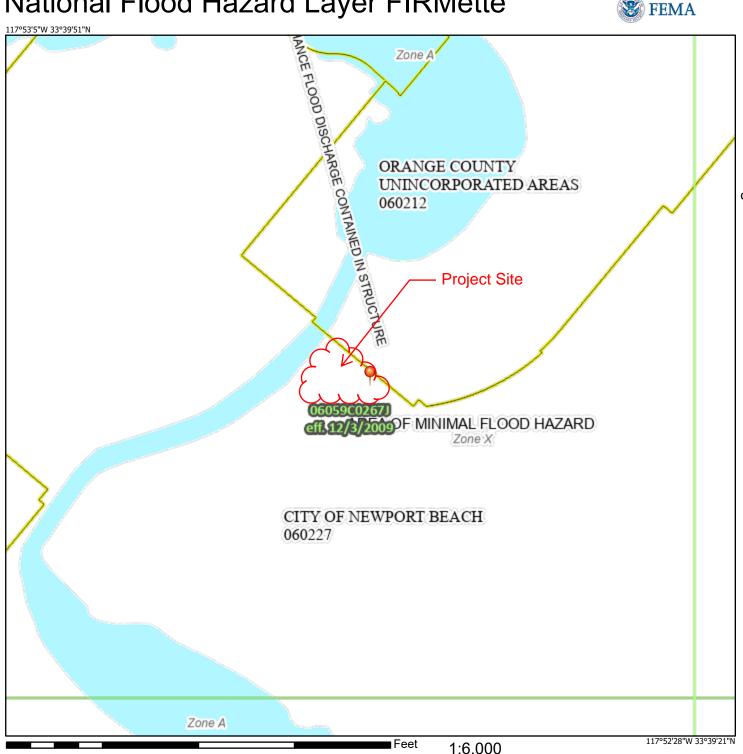
250

500

1,000

1.500

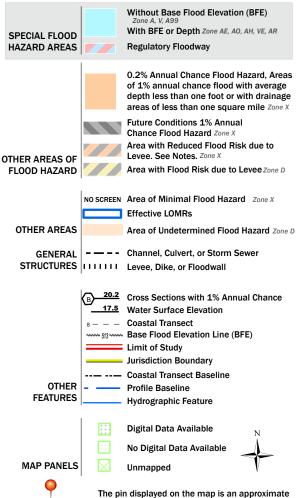




2,000

Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT



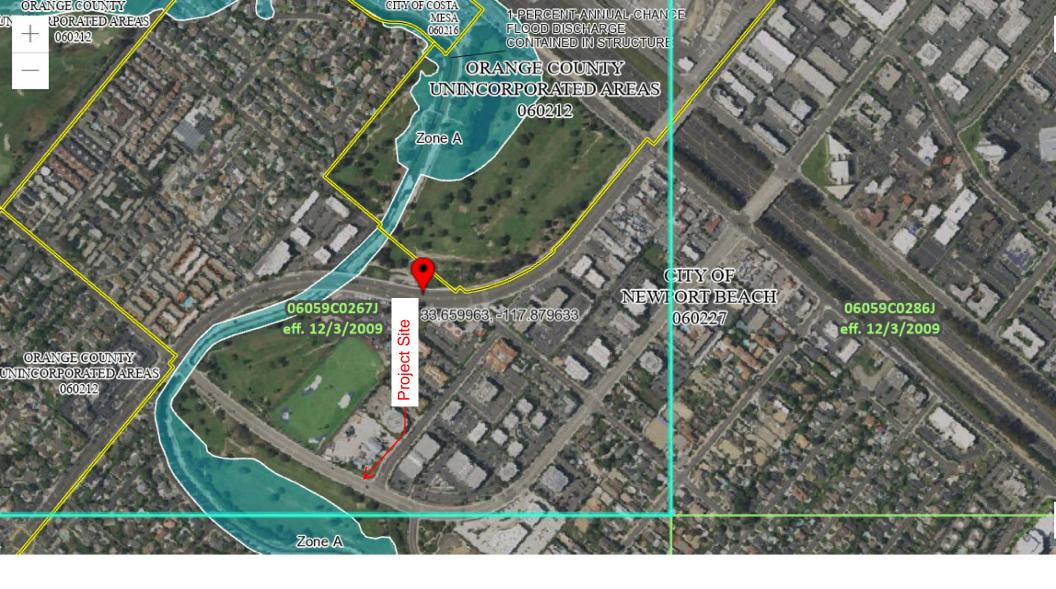
This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

point selected by the user and does not represent

an authoritative property location.

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 8/7/2024 at 12:55 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



Appendix 9 Hydraulic Calculations

Rating Table for Circular Pipe

Project Description

Friction Method Manning Formula
Solve For Full Flow Capacity

Input Data

Roughness Coefficient0.010Channel Slope0.00500ft/ftNormal Depth0.33ftDiameter4.0inDischarge0.17 ft^3/s

				Wetted Perimeter		
Diameter (in)	Normal Depth (ft)	Discharge (ft³/s)	Velocity (ft/s)	Flow Area (ft²)	(ft)	Top Width (ft)
4.0	0.33	0.17	2.0	0.09	1.05	0.00
6.0	0.50	0.52	2.6	0.20	1.57	0.00
8.0	0.67	1.11	3.2	0.35	2.09	0.00
10.0	0.83	2.01	3.7	0.55	2.62	0.00
12.0	1.00	3.27	4.2	0.79	3.14	0.00
14.0	1.17	4.94	4.6	1.07	3.67	0.00
16.0	1.33	7.05	5.1	1.40	4.19	0.00
18.0	1.50	9.66	5.5	1.77	4.71	0.00